# Synthesis and C.d. Spectra of 6,6a,7,11b-Tetrahydro-5H-indeno[2,1-c]isoquinoline Derivatives 

Sanji Hagishita,* Motoo Shiro, and Kaoru Kuriyama Shionogi Research Laboratories, Shionogi \& Co., Ltd., Fukushima-ku, Osaka, 553 Japan.


#### Abstract

We have synthesized the title compounds having two pharmacophores of the $\beta$-phenethylamine moiety with a semi-rigid spatial arrangement. They are very suitable for studies on the limit of the effect of electron exchange between two aromatic chromophores. $X$-Ray crystallography was carried out to determine the molecular structure of the skeleton compounds: 6,6a,7,11b-tetrahydro- 5 H -indeno $[2,1-c]$ isoquinoline and 5,6,6a,7,8,12a-hexahydrobenz[a]phenanthridine. For compounds which showed positive Cotton effects, independent of the substituent pattern of the methoxy groups, in the region of the ${ }^{1} L_{b}$ benzenoid transition and the longer wavelength part of the ${ }^{1} B$ benzenoid transition, absolute configurations were determined by chemical correlation to (1R,2R)-(-)-2-aminoindan-1-ol and (1R,2R)-(-)-2-amino-5-methoxyindan-1-ol. The absolute configuration of the last-named was determined by $X$-ray crystrallography. An empirical rule was applied to determine the absolute configuration of the other compounds and was supported by theoretical calculations.


The $\beta$-phenethylamine moiety is believed to be a pharmacophore producing dopaminetic activity. For example, dopamine agonists such as ( $R$ )-apomorphine ${ }^{1}$ and ( + )butaclamole ${ }^{2}$ are molecules possessing semi-rigid structures. In order to determine the structural requirements necessary for interaction with dopamine-receptor ${ }^{3}$ binding sites some $\beta$ phenethylamine derivatives have been synthesized and studied. ${ }^{4}$ We were interested in 6,6a,7,11b-tetrahydro- 5 H -indeno[2,1,c]isoquinoline derivatives (1) which have two pharmacophores with a semi-rigid spatial arrangement.


We have reported on the circular dichroism spectra (c.d.) resulting from intereaction of the two aromatic chromophores ${ }^{5}$ and pointed out that charge-transfer transition plays an important role in determining the sequence of the transition energies arising from the dipole-dipole coupling. The present compounds are very suitable for extending our studies to see the limit of the effect of electron exchange between the two chromophores.

The present paper describes the synthesis of the optically active derivatives (1), together with their absolute configurations, chiroptical properties, and biological activities.

Synthesis.-2-Aminoindan-1-ols (2)-(6) and 2-amino-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-1-naphthol (7) were selected as starting materials. Optically active compounds (2), ${ }^{6}(3),{ }^{6.7}$ and (7) ${ }^{8}$ have been prepared and their absolute configuration has already been determined by chemical correlation. Racemic (4a) has also been prepared. ${ }^{9.10}$

The optical resolution of (4a) was carried out with (+)- and $(-)$-tartaric acid to give the ( - )- and ( + )-isomers, respectively. The abolute configuration of $(+)-(\mathbf{4 a})$ was determined as $1 S, 2 S$ by $X$-ray analysis of its diastereoisomeric salt with ( - )-tartaric acid. Details are given later.
cis-2-Amino-4,5- and 5,6-dimethoxyindan-1-ol (5a) ${ }^{7}$ and (6) ${ }^{9-11}$ have already been prepared by catalytic hydrogenation

(-)-(2)

$(-)-(4 a) R=H$
$(-)-(4 b) R=M e$

$(+)-(6)$

(-)-(3)

$(-)-(5 a) R=H$
$(-)-(5 b) R=M e$

$(-)-(7)$
of the hydroxyimino derivatives (8a) and (8b), respectively (Scheme 1). The reduction was, however, difficult, probably owing to the insolubility of (8a)-(8b). The ketone ${ }^{12}(\mathbf{1 0 a})$, obtained by Neber rearrangement of the tosylate (11a) was reduced more easily to give (5a, b). By the same procedure, (6) was prepared from the oxime (11b) ${ }^{13}$ together with a small amount of the trans-isomer. The relative configurations of the amino and methoxy groups were determined on the basis of spectroscopic correlations for the intramolecular hydrogen bonding of the amino group with the methoxy group in the 2 amino ether (6); this parallels similar correlations by which the configuration of (2), (3), (4a), (7) and (9) were determined. ${ }^{11}$ In dilute solution, the major product showed hydrogen bonding ( $v_{\mathrm{NH}}{ }^{\text {as }} 3393$ and $v_{\mathrm{NH}}{ }^{\mathrm{s}} 3328 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$ ) and the minor one no hydrogen bonding ( $v_{\mathrm{NH}}$ as $3413 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$ ).

The optical resolution of (5a) was achieved with ( - )- and ( + )mandelic acid, to give $(+)$ - and ( - )-(5a), respectively. The hydroxylamine (9) failed to undergo such resolution, but the ether (6) could be resolved with $(+)$ - and ( - )-tartaric acid to furnish (+)- and (-)-(6), respectively.

(8a) $R^{1}=R^{2}=O M e R^{3}=H$
(5a) $R^{1}=R^{2}=O M e, R^{3}=R^{4}=H$
(8b) $R^{\prime}=H, R^{2}=R^{3}=O M e$
(5b) $R^{\prime}=R^{2}=O M e, R^{3}=H, R^{4}=M e$
(6) $R^{1}=H, R^{2}=R^{3}=O M e, R^{4}=M e$
(9) $R^{\prime}=R^{4}=H, R^{2}=R^{3}=O M e$


(11a) $R^{1}=R^{2}=O M e, R^{3}=H, R^{4}=T s(10 a) R^{1}=R^{2}=O M e, R^{3}=H$ (11b) $R^{1}=R^{4}=H, R^{2}=R^{3}=O M e$ (10b) $R^{\prime}=H, R^{2}=R^{3}=O M e$ (11c) $R^{\prime}=H, R^{2}=R^{3}=O M e, R^{4}=T s$

Scheme 1.

The optical purity of $(+)-(\mathbf{4 a}),(+)-(5 a)$, and $(-)-(6)$ was established from the n.m.r. spectra of their amide derivatives formed from $(R)-(+)-\alpha$-methoxy- $\alpha$-trifluoromethylphenylacetic acid, ${ }^{14}$ signals assignable to other diastereoisomers being absent.

Although enamide photocyclization is known to be very useful for synthesizing heterocyclic compounds, ${ }^{15.16}$ the method could not be applied in our work because of the absence of an asymmetric centre in the enamides. Schwan has reported the cyclization of 2-benzylaminoindan-1-ol and 2-benzylamino-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-1-naphthol to 6,6a,7,11b-tetrahydro-5 H -indeno[2,1-c]isoquinoline ${ }^{17}$ and 5,6,6a,7,8,12a-hexahydro[a]phenanthridine, ${ }^{18}$ respectively. The stereochemistry of the starting materials and the products was not however given.

The benzylamino derivatives $(-)-(\mathbf{1 4 a})$ and $(-)-(16 i)$ were prepared from (-)-(2) via their Schiff base (-)-(13a) and from ( - )-(3) via the oxazolidine derivatives (15i), respectively (see Scheme 2). The oxazolidine (15i) was a mixture of epimers.

Following Schwan's cyclization procedure we obtained an identical, optically active product $(+)-(19 a)$ from both $(-)$ (14a) and (-)-(16i) (see Scheme 2). The stereochemistry of the product was established from its 200 MHz n.m.r. spectrum, in which there was an $11 \mathrm{~b}-\mathrm{H}$ signal at $\delta 4.11(\mathrm{~d}, J 5 \mathrm{~Hz})$. The small coupling constant suggests that the ring-juncture has a cisconfiguration. ${ }^{11,19}$ The latter was confirmed by $X$-ray analysis and this will be described later.
The $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}$ value was very large $(+220.6)$ and the same for the products from both $(-)-(\mathbf{1 4 a})$ and $(-)-(\mathbf{1 6 i})$. Racemization did not occur. From these results, the intermediate of the reaction must be a localized carbonium ion as shown in (20). The absolute configuration of $(+)-(19 \mathrm{a})$ was assigned as $6 \mathrm{a} R, 11 \mathrm{~b} R$ on the basis of an unambiguous synthesis (see later).

We then prepared cis- and trans-2-benzylamino-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-1-tetralol ${ }^{1}$ (21) and (23) (Scheme 3). The cyclization reactions of both (21) and (23), carried out by Schwan's procedure, gave the same product (22). Since in the n.m.r. spectrum the coupling constant for the $12 b-H$ signal at $\delta 3.84(\mathrm{~d}$, $J 4 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ) was small we deduced that there was a cis-ringjuncture. ${ }^{13,17}$ The latter was confirmed by $X$-ray analysis, the details of which are given later. Since the ( - )-isomer ( - )-(22) was obtained from $(-)-(1 R, 2 S)-(7)$ (see Scheme 3), the absolute configuration was determined as $6 \mathrm{a} S, 12 \mathrm{~b} R$.


Figure 1. Stereodrawing of $(+)-(4 \mathbf{a})-(-)-(2 S, 3 S)$-tartaric acid

The methoxy substituted derivatives were prepared as shown in Scheme 2. The trans-amino alcohol (-)-(4a) gave the Schiff base and the cis-amino alcohol (-)-(5a) furnished a mixture of epimeric oxazolidine derivatives.
cis- and trans-Methoxy substituted benzylamino alcohols ( $\mathbf{1 4 b}-\mathbf{d}, \mathbf{f}-\mathbf{h}$ ) and ( $\mathbf{1 6 k - m}$ ) and cis-methoxy substituted benzylamino ethers ( $\mathbf{1 8 0 - q}$ ) underwent ready ring closure when heated with concentrated hydrochloric acid to give compound (24). The latter was shown to have a cis-ringjunction from its n.m.r. spectrum. Benzylamino derivatives without methoxy groups at $R^{1}, R^{2}$ or $R^{3},(\mathbf{1 4 e}),(16 j)$, and (18n), and the trans-methyl ether $(-)-(24)$ could not however be cyclized either with polyphosphoric acid or hydrochloric acid.

Molecular Structure, C.d. Spectra, and Absolute Configur-ation.-As mentioned above, the absolute configurations of $(-)$ (2), (-)-(3), and (-)-(7) are known. To determine the absolute configuration of $(+)-(4 a)$, an $X$-ray analysis was performed on a single crystal of the $(-)$-salt of $(+)-(4 a)$-D- $(-)$-tartaric acid. Figure 1 is a perspective drawing showing the correct conformation and configuration. Since the absolute configuration of $\mathrm{D}-(-)$-tartaric acid is known to be $2 S, 3 S,(+)-(4 a)$ was assigned the $1 S, 2 S$-configuration.

We were unable to prepare a suitable crystal of $(-)-(5 a, b)$ and (+)-(6) for $X$-ray analysis. However, the c.d. spectra of the indan derivatives (2)-(6) were measured and the results are summarized in Table 1. Snatzke et al. have reported that for compounds (2) and (3) the sign of the first transition was governed not by the configuration of the 1-hydroxy group but by that of the 2 -amino group. ${ }^{20}$ The 5,6 -dimethoxy compound, $(+)-(6)$, which has an electric transition dipole moment in the same direction as that of (-)-(3) showed Cotton effects of the same sign in corresponding transitions. Thus, we concluded that $(+)-(6)$ has the $1 S, 2 R$-configuration. The c.d. spectrum of the 4,5-dimethoxy compound (-)-(5a) was of the antipodal pattern to that of $(+)-(6)$. However, the electric transition dipole moment of the aromatic chromophore itself differs from that of $(+)-(6)$ as a result of the methoxy substituent on the benzene ring. Thus, the configuration of ( - )-(5a) cannot be determined by comparison of the c.d. spectra.
$X$-Ray analyses were also carried out on (19a) and (22). The $c i s$-ring-juncture was suggested by the n.m.r. spectra cited above and was confirmed by the $X$-ray analyses. Inspection of the models shows that there can be four stable conformers. One stable conformer was observed in the crystalline state of (19a) while in (22), two different conformers were contained pairwise in a unit cell. The structures are shown in Figures 2 and 3. The


Scheme 2.

| $(12)$ | $w$ | $\mathbf{x}$ | $\mathbf{y}$ | $\mathbf{z}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{R}^{1}$ | H | H | OMe | H |
| $\mathrm{R}^{2}$ | H | OMe | OMe | OMe |
| $\mathrm{R}^{3}$ | H | H | H | OMe |


| (13)-(19) | a | b | c | d | e | $f$ | g | h | i | j | k | 1 | m | n | 0 | p | q |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{R}^{1}$ | H | H | OMe | H | H | H | OMe | H | H | H | H | OMe | H | H | H | OMe | H |
| $\mathrm{R}^{2}$ | H | OMe | OMe | OMe | H | OMe | OMe | OMe | H | H | OMe | OMe | OMe | H | OMe | OMe | OMe |
| $\mathrm{R}^{3}$ | H | H | H | OMe | H | H | H | OMe | H | H | H | H | OMe | H | H | H | OMe |
| $\mathrm{R}^{4}$ | H | H | H | H | H | H | H | H | H | OMe | OMe | OMe | OMe | H | H | H | H |
| $\mathrm{R}^{5}$ | H | H | H | H | OMe | OMe | OMe | OMe | H | OMe | OMe | OMe | OMe | OMe | OMe | OMe | OMe |
| $\mathrm{R}^{6}$ | H | H | H | H | H | H | H | H | H | H | H | H | H | OMe | OMe | OMe | OMe |



Figure 2. Stereodrawing of (19a)
difference in energy between the two conformers must be small, since replacement of the amino group by a methylene group in the molecule would give rise to a plane of symmetry.

(20)

In order to determine the most stable conformer present in a solution, the temperature-dependent c.d. spectra of $(+)-(19 a)$, $(+)-(19 f)$, and $(-)-(22)$ (Figure 4,5 , and 6 ) were recorded. The Cotton effect increased in magnitude as the temperature was lowered for $(+)-(19 a)$ and $(+)-(19 f)$, although that of $(+)-(19 a)$ was not clear because of the over-lapping in the tail of the shorter wavelength region. Assuming that there is an equilibrium between two isomers for $(+)-(19 f)$, the free energy $\Delta G^{\circ}$, was calculated to be $5.0 \mathrm{~kJ} / \mathrm{mol}$ by the method of Moscowitz et al. ${ }^{21}$ and the mole fraction in the more stable conformation was $c a .0 .90$ at room temperature. We measured the c.d. spectra of crystalline $(+)-(\mathbf{1 9 a})$ and $(+)-(\mathbf{1 9 f})$ as KBr discs and found them to be very similar to those obtained for



Figure 3. Stereodrawing of (22)

(21)



Scheme 3.

$(-)-(24)$
solutions (Figure 4 and 5). Thus, we can assume that the stable conformation must be the same both in solution and in the crystalline state.

On the other hand, the Cotton effect of (-)-(22) was not simple, becoming smaller in magnitude at $-68^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and then again larger at $-190^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. This suggested that there are more than three stable conformers.

The absolute configurations of (+)-(19a-d, $\mathbf{f}-\mathbf{h})$ and ( - )(22) were established by the synthetic sequences shown in Schemes 2 and 3. The c.d. spectra of these compounds are summarized in Table 2.

The aromatic chromophores of these compounds showed


Figure 4. Temperature-dependent c.d. spectra of $(+)-(19 a)$ in EPA at $+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}(-)$, at $-68^{\circ} \mathrm{C}(----)$ and at $-190{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}(-\cdot-\cdot)$ and c.d. spectrum in a $\mathrm{KBrdisc}(-$ - $)$
three absorption bands related to the ${ }^{1} L_{\mathrm{b}},{ }^{1} L_{\mathrm{a}}$, and ${ }^{1} B_{\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}}$ benzenoid transitions at $c a .290-260,240-215$, and $210-195$ nm , respectively. In the $6 \mathrm{a} R, 11 \mathrm{~b} R$-compounds, ( $19 \mathrm{a}-\mathrm{d}, \mathbf{f}-\mathrm{h}$ ), all the c.d. curves showed a positive Cotton effect at $c a .290-$ 260 nm and a positive couplet at $c a .210-195 \mathrm{~nm}$. However, the second region of the transition at $c a .240-215 \mathrm{~nm}$ shows a change in the sign of the Cotton effect as a result of a change in the methoxy group position. That is, $(+)-(19 a, b, d$, and $\mathbf{h})$ showed a positive Cotton effect and $(+)-(19 \mathrm{c}$, $\mathbf{f}$ and $\mathbf{g}$ ), a negative one.

The experiments allow us to assign the $6 \mathrm{a} R, 11 \mathrm{~b} R$ configuration on the basis of the positive Cotton effect at the longest wavelength region and the longer wavelength part of the ${ }^{1} B$ benzenoid transition, independent of the substituent pattern. A similar empirical rule has been reported for protoberberin alkaloids ${ }^{22}$ and lignans ${ }^{23}$ in which the sign of the Cotton effect was not determined by the conformation but the configuration of the two aromatic chromophores.

Table 1. U.v. and c.d. spectra of indan derivatives

|  | Free amine |  |  |  | HCl salt |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | U.v |  | C.d. |  | U.v. |  | C.d. |  |
|  | $\lambda / \mathrm{nm}$ | $\varepsilon^{*}$ | $\lambda / \mathrm{nm}$ | $\Delta \varepsilon$ | $\lambda / \mathrm{nm}$ | $\varepsilon^{*}$ | $\lambda / \mathrm{nm}$ | $\Delta \varepsilon$ |
| (-)-(2) | 272 | 957 | 269.5 | -0.19 |  |  | 269 | -0.15 |
|  | 265.5 | 880 | 262.5 | -0.23 |  |  | 261.5 | -0.19 |
|  | 259 | 573 | 257sh | -0.18 |  |  | 256sh | -0.15 |
|  | 252sh | 310 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 223.5 | +0.18 |  |  | 218 | -0.15 |
|  | 215sh | 7530 | 218 | -0.13 |  |  | 212 | -0.21 |
|  | 210 | 9050 | 200 | +1.33 |  |  | 198.5 | +7.94 |
| (-)-(3) | 272 | 925 | 270 | -0.130 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 265 | 834 | 264 | -0.152 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 259 | 545 | 259sh | -0.106 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 240sh | -0.021 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 214sh | 8080 | 219 | +0.236 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 211sh | 9120 | 205sh | -1.30 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 200 | -1.97 |  |  |  |  |
| (-)-(4) | 286 | 2270 | 277.5 | $+0.430$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 280 | 2500 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 277sh | 2430 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 235 | -0.097 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 227 | 8310 | 227 | +0.363 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 198 | 44100 | 206 | -1.36 |  |  |  |  |
| (-)-(5a) | 280 | 1190 | 277 | +0.147 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 276 | 1190 | 272.5 | +0.161 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 230 | 8090 | 236 | -2.86 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 225 | -1.49 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 203 | 43100 | 215 | -1.21 |  |  |  |  |
| (+)-(6) | 293sh | 3680 | 285 | -0.391 |  |  | 285 | +0.227 |
|  | 288 | 4590 | 280 | $-0.386$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 285 | 4590 |  |  |  |  | 258 | -0.049 |
|  | 233 | 7300 | 232 | +3.79 |  |  | 234 | $-1.78$ |
|  | 202.5 | 45500 | 200 | -3.03 |  |  | 205 | -0.767 |
| (-)-(4b) |  |  | 282 | -0.227 | 284 | 2300 | 275 | -0.288 |
|  |  |  | 273 | -0.330 | 278 | 2450 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 275sh | 2300 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 236 | -0.515 | 229 | 9950 | 236 | $-0.876$ |
|  |  |  | 220 | +0.615 |  |  | 225 | +0.154 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 205 | -1.00 |
|  |  |  | 199 | -0.421 | 199 | 48300 | 195 | -1.12 |
| (+)-(7) | 272.5 | 348 | 270 | +0.309 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 265 | 350 | 263 | +0.376 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 260sh | 267 | 258sh | +0.355 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 216sh | 7460 | 215 | +1.39 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 211 | 8990 | 202.5 | +1.15 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 195 | 49900 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

* In units of $\mathrm{dm}^{3} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1} \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$

The c.d. spectra of other compounds ( + )-( $\mathbf{1 9 k - m , 0 - q )}$ are also summarized in Table 2. Based on the empirical rule found, these $(+)$-derivatives can be assigned the $6 \mathrm{a} R, 11 \mathrm{~b} R$ configuration, since the Cotton effects of both regions were positive. The assignment for $(+)-(190-q)$ agreed well with that predicted from the sector rule of the benzene chromophore of $(-)-(6)$. The configuration of $(-)-(5 a)$ and $(-)-(5 b)$ was assigned as $1 S, 2 R$, although the sector rule could not be applied to them.
The sign of the Cotton effect in the second region depended on the position of the methoxy group on the isoquinoline chromophore. 2,3-Dimethoxy compounds, ( + )-(19c, g, I, and p), showed a negative Cotton effect and 3,4-dimethoxy compounds, ( + )-(19d, $\mathbf{h}, \mathbf{m}$, and $\mathbf{q}$ ), a positive Cotton effect in the region of the second transition; 3-methoxy derivatives, $(+)$ ( $19 \mathrm{~Pb}, \mathbf{f}, \mathbf{k}$, and $\mathbf{o}$ ), showed no such effects.

Protonation of the nitrogen atom enhanced the magnitude of the Cotton effect in the region of the ${ }^{1} B$ transition of $(+)-(191$
and $\mathbf{m}$ ) but caused no drastic change in the shape of the spectra for the other compounds.

Theoretical Treatment of the C.d. Spectra.-The signs of the Cotton effects related to the ${ }^{1} L_{\mathrm{b}}$ and ${ }^{1} B$ transitions were not affected by a change in the methoxy group position in (1), but those attributable to the ${ }^{1} L_{\mathrm{a}}$ transition were. In order to explain the behaviour, we calculated the theoretical rotational strength.

We made up an idealized model for the $6 \mathrm{a} R, 11 \mathrm{~b} R$-isomer based on the results of the $X$-ray analysis. The dihedral angles were $76.0^{\circ}$ and $-36.4^{\circ}$ for $\mathrm{C}(1)-\mathrm{C}(11 \mathrm{c})-\mathrm{C}(11 \mathrm{~b})-\mathrm{C}(11 \mathrm{a})$ and for $\mathrm{C}(11 \mathrm{c})-\mathrm{C}(11 \mathrm{~b})-\mathrm{C}(11 \mathrm{a})-\mathrm{C}(11)$, respectively. The angle $\angle \mathrm{C}(11 \mathrm{a})-\mathrm{C}(11 \mathrm{~b})-\mathrm{C}(11 \mathrm{c})$ was $114.7^{\circ}$. The benzene rings were planar with a C-C bond length of $1.395 \AA$.
The rotational strengths of the compounds were calculated by the dynamic coupling method ${ }^{24}$ using both a point dipole approximation at the centre of the benzene ring and u.v. data for tetralin, anisole, and o-dimethoxybenzene. Linear dichroism

Table 2．U．v．and c．d．spectra of（＋）－（19）

|  | U．v．（ MeOH ） |  |  |  |  |  | C．d．（ MeOH ） |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ${ }^{1} L_{\text {b }}$ |  | ${ }^{1} L_{\text {a }}$ |  | ${ }^{1} B$ |  | ${ }^{1} L_{\text {b }}$ |  | ${ }^{1} L_{\text {a }}$ |  | ${ }^{1} B$ |  |
| Compound | $\lambda / \mathrm{nm}$ | £＊ | 入／nm | $\varepsilon^{*}$ | 入／nm | $\varepsilon^{*}$ | $\lambda / \mathrm{nm}$ | $\Delta \varepsilon$ | $\lambda / \mathrm{nm}$ | $\Delta \varepsilon$ | 入／nm | $\Delta \varepsilon$ |
| （＋）－（19a） | 273 | 1600 | 217sh | 31200 | 194.5 | 70100 | 270 | $+0.533$ | 215sh | ＋ 10.30 | 196 | ＋34．2 |
|  | 266 | 1510 |  |  |  |  | 263 | $+0.673$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 260 | 1040 |  |  |  |  | 257 | ＋0．527 |  |  |  |  |
| （－）－（19a） | 272 | 952 | 215 | 17100 | 195 | 67100 | 269 | $+0.461$ | 215sh | $+6.00$ | 197 | $+28.5$ |
| HCl | 265 | 964 | 211sh | 19700 |  |  | 262 | ＋0．618 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 260 | 723 |  |  |  |  | 257 | ＋0．503 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 252 | 440 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $(+)-(19 b){ }^{\text {E }}$ | 287 | 1150 | 217sh | 44300 |  |  | 275sh | ＋2．01 | 218.5 | ＋10．6 | 190 | ＋1．24 |
|  | 280 | 2130 |  |  |  |  | 269.5 | ＋2．50 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 273 | 2780 |  |  |  |  | 264sh | ＋1．98 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 267 | 2190 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 260sh | 1420 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $(+)-(\mathbf{1 9 b})^{E}$ <br> HCl | 286 | 1660 | 226 | 11500 | 202sh | 51100 | 275sh | ＋2．74 | 225 | $+10.3$ | 200 | ＋4．00 |
|  | 280 | 1990 |  |  | 195 | 62000 | 270 | ＋3．18 | 210sh | ＋6．67 |  |  |
|  | 272 | 2330 |  |  |  |  | 265sh | ＋2．35 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 266 | 1780 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 260sh | 1170 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 252sh | 661 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| （＋）－（19c） | 292sh | 3570 | 231sh | 9770 | 203sh | 33500 | 281 | ＋0．742 | 232 | $-7.73$ | 202 | ＋34．8 |
|  | 286 | 4320 |  |  |  |  | 270.5 | ＋1．14 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 284 | 4320 |  |  |  |  | 264 | ＋1．03 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 273 | 3610 |  |  |  |  | 258sh | $+0.597$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 268 | 2500 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} (+)-(19 \mathrm{c}) \\ \mathrm{HCl} \end{gathered}$ | 291sh | 3420 | 232 | 9140 | 204 | 55900 | 287 | $+0.696$ | 234 | $-9.55$ | 201 | $+33.9$ |
|  | 286 | 4000 |  |  | 194 | 58200 | 281 | ＋0．733 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 283 | 3960 |  |  |  |  | 270 | ＋ 1.06 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 273 | 3180 |  |  |  |  | 263 | ＋0．936 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 267 | 2180 |  |  |  |  | 256 | ＋0．882 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 260sh | 1400 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $(+)-(19 \mathrm{~d}){ }^{\text {E }}$ | 282 | 1380 | 230sh | 9120 | 204sh | 49300 | 277 | ＋0．985 | 232sh | ＋6．71 | 200 | ＋7．03 |
|  | 273 | 2280 |  |  |  |  | 271 | ＋1．78 | 222 | $+7.42$ |  |  |
|  | 267 | 1790 |  |  |  |  | 264 | ＋1．67 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 261 | 1180 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $(+)-(19 \mathrm{~d}){ }^{\mathrm{E}}$ | 283 | 1830 | 230 sh | 8770 | 203 | 49300 | 279 | $+0.776$ | 230 | ＋9．39 | 198 | ＋26．1 |
| HCl | 272 | 2210 |  |  | 194 | 54000 | 270 | ＋1．39 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 266 | 1640 |  |  |  |  | 263.5 | ＋1．35 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 260sh | 1050 |  |  |  |  | 258 | ＋0．94 |  |  |  |  |
| （＋）－（19f） | 287 | 3860 | 231 | 18200 | 198 | 66400 | 285 | ＋3．27 | 228 | $-2.76$ | 201 | ＋ 19.5 |
|  | 279 | 4400 |  |  |  |  | 279 | ＋3．39 |  |  |  |  |
| （ + ）－（19f） | 287 | 4020 | 232 | 20400 | 199 | 73400 | 285 | ＋2．64 | 226 | $-2.21$ | 201 | ＋16．3 |
| HCl | 280 | 4570 |  |  |  |  | 279 | ＋2．64 |  |  |  |  |
| （＋）－（19g） | 287 | 6350 | 229 | 16400 | 199 | 64200 | 279 | ＋4．33 | 233 | －9．82 | 203 | $+50.0$ |
|  | 283 | 6640 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 215sh | ＋ 7.85 | 190 | $-10.8$ |
| $(+)-(19 \mathrm{~g})^{\mathrm{E}}$ | 287sh | 6170 | 232 | 17100 | 203 | 62400 | 278 | $+3.55$ | 236 | $-15.3$ | 203 | ＋73．9 |
| HCl | 282 | 6530 |  |  | 200 | 62400 |  |  | 220sh | ＋8．52 |  |  |
| $(+)-(19 \mathrm{~h})^{\mathrm{E}}$ | 288 | 2840 | 230 | 18500 | 199 | 66000 | 278 | ＋3．97 | 233 | $+8.00$ | 204 | ＋11．0 |
|  | 282 | 3850 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 190 | －3．58 |
|  | 279 | 3850 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $(+)-(19 h)^{\mathrm{E}}$ | 287 | 3730 | 231 | 18700 | 205sh | 64400 | 278 | $+2.88$ | 235 | ＋14．2 | 202 | $+26.1$ |
| $\mathrm{HCl}$ | 281 | 4450 |  |  | 199 | 70400 |  |  | 220 | $-1.30$ |  |  |
|  | 279 | 4430 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $(+)-(19 k){ }^{\mathrm{E}}$ | 286sh | 2740 | 230sh | 18700 | 199 | 65100 | 275 | ＋2．70 | 233 | $-5.73$ | 206 | $+7.00$ |
|  | 279 | 3390 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 190 | －3．61 |
| $(+)-(19 k){ }^{\text {E }}$ | 287sh | 2760 | 228 | 19300 | 204sh | 60700 | 276.5 | ＋2．61 | 235 | $-6.58$ | 202 | ＋34．2 |
| HCl | 279 | 3560 |  |  | 199 | 65900 |  |  | 220sh | $+5.70$ |  |  |
| （＋）－（191） | 291sh | 4060 | 230sh | 4850 | 202 | 69500 | 290sh | ＋0．669 | 235.5 | $-12.6$ | 209 | $+20.0$ |
|  | 283 | 5780 |  |  |  |  | 271 | ＋1．55 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 277sh | 4850 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| （＋）－（191） | 291sh | 4120 | 231sh | 16400 | 205 | 70700 | 278 | $+2.87$ | 237.5 | $-17.6$ | 206 | ＋73．6 |
| HCl | 283 | 5900 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 222sh | ＋10．3 | 195 | －47．9 |
|  | 277sh | 5150 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $(+)-(19 m){ }^{\text {E }}$ | 282 | 2810 | 230sh | 17600 | 202 | 65800 | 273 | ＋3．06 | 235 | $+5.88$ | 208 | ＋9．52 |
|  | 278 | 2840 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 191 | $-7.70$ |
|  | 276 | 2820 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

E：Enantiomer was measured．sh：shoulder．！：Lowest recorded value，not a maximum．
＊In units of $\mathrm{dm}^{3} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1} \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$

Table 2. (continued)

|  | U.v. ( MeOH ) |  |  |  |  |  | C.d. ( MeOH ) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ${ }^{1} L_{\mathrm{b}}$ |  | ${ }^{1} L_{\text {a }}$ |  | ${ }^{1} B$ |  | ${ }^{1} L_{\text {b }}$ |  | ${ }^{1} L_{\text {a }}$ |  | ${ }^{1} B$ |  |
|  | $\stackrel{ }{ }$ |  |  |  |  |  | $\stackrel{ }{ }$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| $(+)-(19 m){ }^{\text {E }}$ | 283 | 3430 | 228sh | 17500 | 204 | 66100 | 275 | $+2.28$ | 235 | $+10.7$ | 206 | $+24.1$ |
| HCl | 279 | 3440 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 195! | $-13.5$ |
| ( + )-(190) | 297sh | 3440 | 227 | 16300 | 200 | 65400 | 286 | +1.06 | 235 | +5.79 | 200 | $+37.0$ |
|  | 287 | 6840 |  |  |  |  | 280sh | +0.076 | 222 | -3.24 |  |  |
|  | 282sh | 6240 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} (+)-(\mathbf{1 9 0}) \\ \mathrm{HCl} \end{gathered}$ | 295sh | 3880 | 231 | 16400 | 203sh | 62100 | 284 | $+0.539$ | 236 | $+8.00$ | 200 | +35.5 |
|  | 287 | 6440 |  |  | 200 | 63300 | 276 | +0.670 | 222 | $-8.58$ |  |  |
|  | 281sh | 5890 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ( + )-(19p) | 286.5 | 7870 | 231 | 13500 | 203 | 62300 | 289 | +2.86 | 247 | -0.491 | 205 | +74.8 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 227 | - 5.36 | 193 | -31.7 |
| $(+)-(19 p)$ <br> HCl | 286 | 8620 | 233 | 15100 | 203 | 69100 | 288 | +1.85 | 250 | -0.179 | 205 | +84.8 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 228 | $-10.3$ |  |  |
| (-)-(19q) | 291sh | 5260 | 229sh | 15700 | 202 | 68400 | 294 | $+0.20$ | 234 | +35.2 | 202 | +35.2 |
|  | 285 | 6240 |  |  |  |  | 273 | +4.55 |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} (+)-(19 q) \\ \mathrm{HCl} \end{gathered}$ | 285 | 6010 | 233 | 13300 | 204 | 61900 | 286 | -0.718 | 233 | +15.0 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 271 | +1.67 |  |  |  |  |
| $(+)-(22)^{\text {E }}$ | 273 | 646 | 215sh | 2110 | 195 | 64500 | 267 | +0.152 | 212.5 | +4.85 | 206 | +5.61 |
|  | 266 | 759 |  |  |  |  | 261 | +0.203 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 259sh | 610 |  |  |  |  | 243sh | +0.088 |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} (+)-(\mathbf{2 2})^{\mathrm{E}} \\ \mathrm{HCl} \end{gathered}$ | 272 | 416 | 212sh | 20300 | 194 | 63000 | 271.5 | +0.206 | 215 | -2.45 |  |  |
|  | 268sh | 442 |  |  |  |  | 264 | +0.218 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 265 | 549 |  |  |  |  | 257 | +0.112 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 263 | 554 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



Figure 5. Temperature-dependent c.d. spectra of $(+)-(19 f)$ in EPA at $+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}(-)$, at $-68^{\circ} \mathrm{C}(----)$ and at $-190^{\circ} \mathrm{C}(-\cdot-\cdot-)$ and c.d. spectrum in a $\mathrm{KBrdisc}(---$ )
measurements have shown that the ${ }^{1} B$ transition moments of benzene, anisole, and $o$-dimethoxybenzene are degenerate in energy and of the same order of magnitude for benzene and $o$-dimethoxybenzene. We have used the following values for the transition energy ( eV ) and the transition dipole moment ( $\mu \times 10^{19}$ c.g.s.): tetralin 4.643 (6.54), 5.820 (24.5), 6.309 (38.6), and 6.309 (38.6); anisole 4.59 (11.42), 5.78 (28.08), 6.68 (36.72), and 6.68 (48.13); o-dimethoxybenzene 4.467 (13.97), 5.461 (24.16), 6.261 (46.96), and 6.261 (46.96) (Method 1).

The rotational strengths were also calculated by the dipole velocity method using the composite molecular orbitals without


Figure 6. Temperature-dependent c.d. spectra of (-)-(22) in EPA at $+27^{\circ} \mathrm{C}(-)$, at $-68^{\circ} \mathrm{C}(----)$ and at $-190^{\circ} \mathrm{C}(-\cdot-\cdot-)$
taking the charge-transfer term into consideration ${ }^{4}$ (Method 2). The calculated energies and the rotational strengths were converted into a theoretical c.d. spectrum on the assumption that the spectrum represented a sum of Gaussian bands. ${ }^{4}$

## Discussion

As can be seen by the results summarized in Table 3, the sign of the Cotton effect from the calculations agreed well with the experimental results in both regions of the ${ }^{1} L_{\mathrm{b}}$ and ${ }^{1} B$

Table 3. Theoretical c.d. spectra.*

|  | Method 1 |  |  |  |  |  | Method 2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ${ }^{1} L_{\text {b }}$ |  | ${ }^{1} L_{\mathrm{a}}$ |  | ${ }^{1} B$ |  | ${ }^{1} L_{\mathrm{b}}$ |  | ${ }^{1} L_{\text {a }}$ |  | ${ }^{1} B$ |  |
| Compound | $\lambda /{ }^{\text {nm }}$ | $\Delta \varepsilon$ | $\overparen{\lambda / \mathrm{nm}}$ | $\Delta \varepsilon$ | $\lambda / \mathrm{nm}$ | $\triangle \varepsilon$ | $\lambda / \mathrm{nm}$ | $\triangle \varepsilon$ | $\lambda / \mathrm{nm}$ | $\Delta \varepsilon$ | $\lambda / \mathrm{nm}$ | $\Delta \varepsilon$ |
| ( + )-(19a) | 270 | +0.20 | 217 | +35.47 | 202 | $+108.50$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 192 | $-152.02$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ( + )-(19b) | 272 | +0.78 | 218 | +31.66 | 197 | +75.40 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 185 | $-115.49$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ( + )-(19c) | 279 | +1.13 | 226sh | +14.35 | 203 | +152.28 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 257 | $-0.08$ |  |  | 193 | -208.19 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ( + )-(19d) | 269 | +0.85 | 227sh | +13.84 | 203 | +146.74 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 214sh | +41.21 | 193 | -213.72 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $(+)-(19 f)$ | 274 | +1.67 | 216 | +1.53 | 190 | +124.27 | 275 | +1.35 | 215 | $+2.84$ | 195 | +167.12 |
|  | 251 | -0.02 |  |  | 181 | -129.77 |  |  |  |  | 183 | - 144.45 |
| $(+)-(19 \mathrm{~g})$ | 273 | +3.99 | 228 | $-18.89$ | 199 | +97.77 | 278 | +3.28 | 216 | +17.52 | 195 | + 218.54 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 185 | $-108.37$ |  |  |  |  | 182 | -208.52 |
| ( + )-(19h) | 270 | +0.48 | 228 | $+22.30$ | 199 | +96.41 | 278 | +3.52 | 230 | -8.35 | 195 | $+180.00$ |
|  |  |  | 214 | $-15.51$ | 185 | $-121.17$ |  |  | 215 | +19.30 | 183 | -171.68 |
| $(+)-(19 k)$ | 272 | +2.82 | 230 | -2.37 | 199 | +97.92 | 278 | +4.23 | 232 | -0.80 | 195 | +231.27 |
|  |  |  | 215 | $+16.61$ | 185 | $-133.83$ |  |  | 216 | +11.73 | 182 | $-206.63$ |
| ( + )-(191) | 282 | $+2.28$ | 231 | $+20.19$ | 203 | +239.48 | 279 | +4.59 | 233 | +2.47 | 198 | +323.52 |
|  | 257 | -0.04 |  |  | 193 | -278.69 |  |  | 220 | -0.47 | 188 | -286.05 |
| $(+)-(19 m)$ | 282 | +0.72 | 231 | +36.74 | 203 | $+230.40$ | 276 | +4.30 | 240 | -0.06 | 198 | +271.62 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 193 | $-286.20$ |  |  | 226 | +1.09 | 187 | - 253.52 |
| $(+)-(190)$ | 270 | +0.64 | 228 | +22.35 | 199 | +96.83 | 277 | $+2.90$ | 233 | -0.42 | 194 | +152.36 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 185 | $-139.12$ |  |  | 216 | +13.01 | 183 | - 153.63 |
| $(+)-(19 p)$ | 284 | +1.53 | 231 | + 29.29 | 203 | +236.94 | 278 | +4.05 | 229 | $+9.37$ | 198 | +231.11 |
|  | 263 | -0.18 | 219 | -1.78 | 193 | $-280.09$ |  |  |  |  | 187 | - 230.66 |
| $(+)-(19 q)$ | 272 | $+2.68$ | 277 | +35.28 | 203 | +226.36 | 278 | $+5.10$ | 236 | $-5.00$ | 198 | +186.59 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 193 | -287.11 |  |  | 223 | +7.10 | 187 | -196.20 |

* sh: shoulder
transitions. Since the ${ }^{1} B$ benzenoid transitions of benzene and $o$-dimethoxybenzene are degenerate in energy and of the same order of magnitude, ${ }^{25}$ the rotational strengths associated with the ${ }^{1} B$ transitions of $(+)-(19 a, \mathbf{l}, \mathbf{m}, \mathbf{p}$, and $\mathbf{q})$ were independent of the choice of polarization modes but could be determined by the geometry according to the dipole-dipole approximation, as shown earlier. ${ }^{26}$ The empirical rule was supported by both Methods 1 and 2.

The ${ }^{1} B$ transition of anisole was also degenerate in energy but different in magnitude. ${ }^{25}$ Although the polarization is not isotropic in the benzene plane, both methods showed that the rotational strengths were of the positive couplet pattern for compound ( + )-(19f).

Compounds (+)-(19c and d) have two chromophores, benzene and $o$-dimethoxybenzene, which have degenerate local transition energies. Compounds $(+)-(\mathbf{1 9 b}, \mathbf{g}, \mathbf{h}, \mathbf{k}$, and o) are made up from two chromophores having degenerate local transition energies, but that for one of the chromophores, anisole, is different in magnitude. Method 1 indicated that the main configuration of the transition is located on one of the benzenoid transitions. But the orientation of the local transition dipole moment was little affected by the position of the methoxy substituents. The empirical rule still holds in these compounds and the couplet pattern in the ${ }^{1} B$ transition can be used to determine the absolute configuration of the compounds containing two benzene chromophores.

In the second region of the transition, $240-215 \mathrm{~nm}$, four compounds ( + )-(19c, $\mathbf{f}, 1$, and $\mathbf{p}$ ), showed Cotton effect signs the reverse of the theoretical ones obtained by Method 1. Method 2 also failed to explain the sign for this region.

The question arises as to whether the conformation in the crystalline state is the same as that in a solution. The stable conformation was estimated by molecular mechanics (MM2)
calculations on the $N$-methyl derivative of (19a). This suggested that the stable conformation has a dihedral angles of $\mathrm{C}(1)-\mathrm{C}(11 \mathrm{c})-\mathrm{C}(11 \mathrm{~b})-\mathrm{C}(11 \mathrm{a}) 68.7^{\circ} ; \mathrm{C}(11 \mathrm{c})-\mathrm{C}(11 \mathrm{~b})-\mathrm{C}(11 \mathrm{a})-$ $\mathrm{C}(11)-35.9^{\circ}$; and $\angle \mathrm{C}(11 \mathrm{c})-\mathrm{C}(11 \mathrm{~b})-\mathrm{C}(11 \mathrm{a}) 118.0^{\circ}$. The difference in the geometries obtained from the results of the $X$ ray analysis and the MM2 calculation were very small. We obtained the theoretical curves using the geometry from the MM2 calculations, assuming that the benzene rings were planar, in order to determine if the small differences in the geometry affected the c.d. curve. The two theoretical curves were almost identical, but fail to explain the observed c.d. for the second region of the transition. In the second region, 2,3dimethoxy derivatives, $(+)-(19 \mathbf{c}, \mathbf{g}, \mathbf{l}$, and $\mathbf{p})$, and $3,4-$ dimethoxy compounds ( + )-(19d, $\mathbf{h}, \mathbf{m}$, and $\mathbf{q}$ ) showed, respectively, negative and positive Cotton effects.

The sign seemed to be determined by the isoquinoline chromophore. This tendency led to the sector rule as depicted in Figure 7, in which the arrows in the formula indicate the direction of projection for the isoquinoline chromophore. Projections A and B show 2,3- and 3,4-dimethoxy compounds respectively. However, Snazke eta al. have reported that the sector rule is difficult to formulate for the ${ }^{1} L_{\mathrm{a}}$ transition of the substituted benzene chromophore, ${ }^{27}$ although they have put forward a sector rule for the chiral ${ }^{1} L_{\mathrm{b}}$ transition of substituted benzene chromophores. ${ }^{28}$ Thus, the above rule cannot be generalized.

Thus, the coupled oscillator theory seems to be suitable for the analysis of the c.d. spectrum of these compounds and, in fact. the Cotton effect could be explained by this theory in both regions of the ${ }^{1} L_{\mathrm{b}}$ and ${ }^{1} B$ transitions. However in the ${ }^{1} L_{\mathrm{a}}$ transition, the $\alpha$-bond perturbation may play an important role and this band should not be used to determine absolute configurations.




A


Figure 7. Projection diagrams of 2,3-dimethoxy (A) and 3,4-dimethoxy (B) compounds. The arrows indicate the direction of the projection

Pharmacological Screening.-The products were subjected to preliminary pharmacological screening but were devoid of any noteworthy activity. The skeleton allows for considerable conformational flexibility, but the most stable conformer did not attain the extended (trans) form as shown by the $X$-ray analysis. The benzene ring and nitrogen are of cis orientation and the distances are 3.8 and $4.0 \AA$ which are shorter than that necessary for dopamine-like activity. Compound (19) probably cannot interact with the receptor owing to the shorter distance.

## Experimental

Melting points are uncorrected. Optical rotations were determined with a Perkin-Elmer Model 141 polarimeter, using a $1.0-\mathrm{dm}$ microcell. C.d. curves were obtained using a JASCO Model J-40 spectropolarimeter. I.r. spectra were recorded on a JASCO-A-702 spectrophotometer. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ N.m.r. spectra were measured with Varian XL200 and EM390 spectrometers using tetramethylsilane as the internal standard. U.v. spectra were obtained on a Hitachi Model 323 spectrometer. Mass spectra were taken with a Hitachi M-68 Mass Spectrometer. $X$-Ray diffraction data were collected with a Rigaku diffractometer using graphite-monochromatized $\mathrm{Cu}-K_{\alpha}$ radiation $\quad \lambda=$ $1.54178 \AA$ ).
trans-2-Amino-5-methoxyindan-1-ol (4a) and trans-1,5-Dimethoxy-2-aminoindan (4b).-A mixture of 2-hydroxy-iminoindan-1-one ${ }^{9}(52.5 \mathrm{~g})$ and $5 \% \mathrm{Pd}-\mathrm{C}(3.0 \mathrm{~g})$ in methanol $(700 \mathrm{ml})$ and water ( 100 ml ) was stirred at room temperature under a $\mathrm{H}_{2}$ atmosphere for 7 h . Two equivalents of $\mathrm{H}_{2}$ were absorbed. The catalyst was filtered off and washed with methanol. To the filtrate, $\mathrm{NaBH}_{4}(11 \mathrm{~g})$ was added in small portions with cooling in ice under a $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ atmosphere. The mixture was stirred at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 2 h after which dilute HCl was added. The mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure. at $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to dryness and methanol was added to the residue. The insoluble materials were removed by filtration. Ether was added and the solid was collected by filtration. The crude product ( 33.1 g ) was fractionally recrystallized from methanol-ether to give (4a) (11.7 g) and (4b) (14.3 g).

5,6-Dimethoxyindan-1-one O-p-Tolylsulphonyloxime (11c).5,6 -Dimethoxyindan-1-one oxime ${ }^{13}$ (11b) ( 36.2 g ) was added in small portions to a solution of toluene- $p$-sulphonyl chloride $(63.4 \mathrm{~g})$ in pyridine $(400 \mathrm{ml})$ with ice cooling and stirring. The
mixture was stirred at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 2 h , allowed to stand at $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ overnight, and then poured into ice-water. The solid was collected by filtration, washed with water, and dried ( 60.6 g ). A small portion of the product was recrystallized from acetone; it had m.p. $174-178{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (decomp.); $v_{\text {max. }}$ (Nujol) $1598 \mathrm{~cm}{ }^{1}$ (Found: C, 59.8; H, 5.3; N, 3.9; S, 8.85. $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{19} \mathrm{NO}_{5} \mathrm{~S}$ requires C, 59.2; H, 4.9; N, 3.75; S, 8.85\%).

5,6-Dimethoxy-2-aminoindan-1-one Hydrochloride (10b).-A suspension of the tolylsulphonyl oxime (11c) $(60.0 \mathrm{~g})$ in dry benzene ( 400 ml ) was added to a solution of freshly prepared KOEt in ethanol ( $\mathrm{K}, 6.6 \mathrm{~g}$ in 210 ml ) with ice cooling and stirring. The mixture was stirred at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 6 h and then kept at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ overnight. The solid was filtered off and washed with dry benzene. The filtrate was extracted with ice-cold dilute HCl . The solution was washed with benzene and concentrated under reduced pressure at $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The residue was crystallized from methanol-ether to give a product $(17.0 \mathrm{~g} ; 42 \%$ ) which was used in the next procedure without further purification owing to its instability.

The solid ( $35.8 \mathrm{~g}, 59.1 \%$ ) from the reaction mixture was washed with water and dried and found to be the starting material.
cis-2-Amino-1,5,6-trimethoxyindan (6).-Aqueous $\mathrm{NaOH}(2.0$ $\mathrm{g} / 10 \mathrm{ml})$ was added to a suspension of the salt (10b) $(8.5 \mathrm{~g})$ in methanol ( 50 ml ) with ice cooling and stirring under a nitrogen atmosphere. $\mathrm{NaBH}_{4}(3.2 \mathrm{~g})$ was then added in small portions to the solution with ice cooling. The mixture was stirred at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ under a nitrogen atmosphere for 2 h after which dilute HCl was added. The mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure at $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and the residue was extracted with methanol. The solution was treated with charcoal and concentrated under reduced pressure at $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The crystalline residue was recrystallized from methanol-ether and gave a colourless powder ( $3.9 \mathrm{~g}, 45.5 \%$ ), m.p. $150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (decomp.).

The salt was shaken with aqueous NaOH and extracted with chloroform. The solution was washed with water, dried $\left(\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}\right)$, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was distilled at $150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (bath temp.) at 1 mmHg . The n.m.r. spectra showed a small amount of contamination of the trans-isomer. The product was used without further purification in the next optical resolution.
cis-2-Amino-4,5-dimethoxyindan-1-ol (5a).-2-Amino-4,5-di-methoxyindan-1-one ( 10 a ) ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{HCl}^{12}(15.5 \mathrm{~g})$ was treated by the same procedure cited above. The salt ( $14.4 \mathrm{~g}, 92.1 \%$ ) was recrystallized from methanol-ether; it had m.p. $200-202{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (decomp.).

The free amine was recrystallized from ethyl acetate and had m.p. $135-136^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; \delta\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) 2.72(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dd}, J 16 \mathrm{~Hz}), 3.16(1 \mathrm{H}$, dd, $J 16 \mathrm{~Hz}), 3.66(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 3.83(6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 4.73(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 5 \mathrm{~Hz})$, $6.80(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 9 \mathrm{~Hz})$, and $7.11(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 9 \mathrm{~Hz})$.

Optical Resolution of trans-2-Amino-5-methoxyindan-1-ol (4e).-A methanol solution ( 30 ml ) of the amino alcohol (4a), prepared from the HCl salt ( 11.7 g ), was added to a solution of L -$(+)$-tartaric acid ( 8.2 g ) in water. The salt was collected by filtration, washed with water, and recrystallized three times from water to give a pure diastereoisomer ( 4.25 g ), m.p. 171$172{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (decomp.); $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{23}+12.3^{\circ} \pm 0.5\left(c 0.932, \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)$ (Found: $\mathrm{C}, 45.8 ; \mathrm{H}, 6.25 ; \mathrm{N}, 4.15 . \mathrm{C}_{14} \mathrm{H}_{19} \mathrm{NO}_{8} \cdot 2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ requires $\mathrm{C}, 46.05$; H, 6.35; N, $3.85 \%$ ).
The salt was shaken with aqueous NaOH . The crystals were collected by filtration, washed with water, and recrystallized from methanol-ether to give a colourless powder ( 1.85 g ), m.p. $179-180^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{24}-8.3^{\circ} \pm 0.4(c 0.996, \mathrm{MeOH}) ; v_{\text {max. }}$ (Nujol) 3365 and $3290 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} ; v_{\text {max }}$. (dilute solution in $\mathrm{CCl}_{4}$ ) 3627 ,

3596 , and $3388 \mathrm{~cm}^{1} ; \delta\left[\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] 2.2-2.5(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 2.8-3.4$ $(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 3.71(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 4.48(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 6 \mathrm{~Hz}), 6.6-6.9(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m})$, and 7.1-7.3 ( $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}$ ) (Found: C, 65.85; H, 7.25; N, 7.65. $\mathrm{C}_{10} \mathrm{H}_{13} \mathrm{NO}_{2}$ requires $\mathrm{C}, 67.0 ; \mathrm{H}, 7.3 ; \mathrm{N}, 7.8 \%$ ).

Partially resolved ( + -isomer was recovered from the mother-liquor and the optically pure ( + )-amine, $(+)-(\mathbf{4 a})$ was obtained in the same manner with $\mathrm{D}-(-)$-tartaric acid; yield $1.75 \mathrm{~g} ;[x]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{25}+8.7^{\circ} \pm 0.5$ (c 1.057, MeOH).

Optical Resolution of cis-2-Amino-4,5-dimethoxyindan-1-ol (5a).-A warm solution of the amino alcohol (5a) (1.24 g) in ethanol ( 5 ml ) was added to a solution of $\mathrm{D}-(-)$-mandelic acid $(0.95 \mathrm{~g})$ in ethanol ( 3 ml ). The solution was warmed briefly and then left at room temperature. The salt was collected by filtration, washed with ethanol, and recrystallized twice from ethanol to give a pure diastereoisomer ( 1.1 g ), m.p. $208-209^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; $[x]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{23}-32.5^{\circ} \pm 0.6$ (c $\left.1.047, \mathrm{MeOH}\right)$.

The salt treated as above gave the free amine $(0.554 \mathrm{~g})$, m.p. $129-130^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;[x]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{23}+15.5^{\circ} \pm 0.6$ (c $\left.0.896, \mathrm{MeOH}\right)$; $v_{\text {max. }}$ (Nujol) $3355,3280,1075$, and $1025 \mathrm{~cm}^{1}$; $v_{\text {max }}$ (dilute solution in $\mathrm{CCl}_{4}$ ) $3612,3473,3412$, and $3333 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$ (Found: $\mathrm{C}, 62.6 ; \mathrm{H}, 7.15 ; \mathrm{N}, 6.6 . \mathrm{C}_{11} \mathrm{H}_{15} \mathrm{NO}_{3}$ requires $\mathrm{C}, 63.15 ; \mathrm{H}, 7.25$; N, $6.7 \%$ ).

The ( + )-amine was obtained with $\mathrm{L}-(+)$-mandelic acid after recovery of the mother-liquor; $[x]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{23}-15.1^{\circ} \pm 0.5$ (c 1.105, MeOH ).

Optical Resolution of cis-2-Amino-1,5,6-trimethoxyindan (6).A solution of the amine (6) $(5.15 \mathrm{~g})$ in ethanol ( 20 ml ) was added to a solution of $\mathrm{L}-(+)$-tartaric acid $(3.8 \mathrm{~g})$ in water. The solution was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was crystallized from methanol-ethanol and recrystallized from methanol ( $\times 4$ ) to give a pure diastereoisomer ( 1.3 g ), m.p. $176^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (decomp.); $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{23}+19.8^{\circ} \pm 0.5$ (c $1.160, \mathrm{MeOH}$ ) (Found: C, 50.5; H, 6.1; N, 3.95. $\mathrm{C}_{16} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{NO}_{9}$ requires $\mathrm{C}, 51.45$; $\mathrm{H}, 6.2 ; \mathrm{N}, 3.75 \%$ ).

The free amine (+)-(6) was subjected to short-path distillation at $150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (bath temp.) at $1 \mathrm{mmHg},[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{23}$ $+13.3^{\circ} \pm 0.3$ (c $1.635, \mathrm{MeOH}$ ); $v_{\text {max. }}$.(film): 3375 and 1120 $\mathrm{cm}^{1} ; v_{\text {max. }}$ (dilute solution in $\mathrm{CCl}_{4}$ ) 3393 and $3328 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; $\delta\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): 2.70(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dd}, J 15,6 \mathrm{~Hz}), 3.00(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dd}, J 15,6 \mathrm{~Hz})$, $3.46(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 3.70(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 3.85(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 3.88(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 4.35(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}$, $J 5 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ), and $6.78(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s})$ (Found: C, $64.25 ; \mathrm{H}, 7.55 ; \mathrm{N}, 6.1$. $\mathrm{C}_{12} \mathrm{H}_{17} \mathrm{NO}_{3}$ requires $\mathrm{C}, 64.55 ; \mathrm{H}, 7.65 ; \mathrm{N}, 6.3 \%$ ).

Optical Resolution of trans-1,5-Dimethoxy-2-aminoindan (4b).-A solution of the amine (4b) in dichloromethane, prepared from the HCl salt ( 15.1 g ), was added to an aqueous solution of $\mathrm{L}-(+)$-tartaric acid ( 10.5 g ). The mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue diluted with water. The crystals were collected by filtration, washed with water, and recrystallized ( $\times 3$ ) from methanol to give a pure diastereoisomer ( 4.3 g ); $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{23}-3.0^{\circ} \pm 0.5,[\alpha]_{436}{ }^{23}$ $-13.6^{\circ} \pm 0.5(c 0.993, \mathrm{MeOH})$.

The salt was treated with aqueous NaOH as above and gave an oily residue; $\delta\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) 2.74(1 \mathrm{H}$, dd, $J 18,9 \mathrm{~Hz}), 3.00(1 \mathrm{H}$, dd, $J 18,9 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ), $3.38(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 3.5-3.8(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 3.76(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 4.27$ $(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 5 \mathrm{~Hz}), 6.6-6.8(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m})$, and $7.25(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 9 \mathrm{~Hz})$.

The HCl salt had m.p. ca. $170^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (decomp.); $[x]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{24}$ $-24.4^{\circ} \pm 0.7$ (c 0.803, MeOH); $v_{\text {max }}$ (Nujol) $1090 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} ; m / z$ 193 (Found: C, $57.2 ; \mathrm{H}, 6.95 ; \mathrm{Cl}, 15.4 ; \mathrm{N}, 6.15 . \mathrm{C}_{11} \mathrm{H}_{16} \mathrm{ClNO}_{2}$ requires $\mathrm{C}, 57.5 ; \mathrm{H}, 6.95 ; \mathrm{Cl}, 15.45 \mathrm{~N}, 6.1 \%$ ).

Determination of the Optical Purity of $(-)-(\mathbf{4 a}),(+)-(5 \mathbf{5})$, and (-)-(6).-A solution of $R-(+)-\alpha$-methoxy- $\alpha$-trifluoromethylphenylacetic acid chloride ${ }^{14}(50 \mathrm{mg})$ in pyridine ( 2.3 ml ) was added to the $(+)$-amino alcohol $(+)-(5 a)(15 \mathrm{mg})$. After 2 days at room temperature the solution was poured into ice-cold
dilute HCl and extracted with dichloromethane. The solution was washed with aqueous $\mathrm{NaHCO}_{3}$ and water and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was heated in $5 \%$ methanolic KOH ( 10 ml ) under reflux for 1 h after which the mixture was poured into water and extracted with dichloromethane. The solution was washed with dilute HCl and water, dried $\left(\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}\right)$, and concentrated under reduced pressure to give a crystalline residue; $\delta\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) 2.87(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dd}, J 15,8 \mathrm{~Hz})$, $3.41(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 1 \mathrm{~Hz}), 3.47(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dd}, J 15,8 \mathrm{~Hz}), 3.85(6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 4.58$ $(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 4.97(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 6 \mathrm{~Hz}), 6.80(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 8 \mathrm{~Hz}), 7.09(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J$ 8 Hz ), and $7.3-7.7(5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m})$. The residue was recrystallized from benzene-hexane and had m.p. $148 \quad 149{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; \quad[x]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{23}$ $+11.2^{\circ} \pm 0.5\left(c 0.919, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right) ; v_{\text {max }} .\left(\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right) 3610,3410$, and $1690 \mathrm{~cm}^{1}$; $v_{\text {max. }}\left[2.980 \mathrm{mg}\right.$ in $\left.\mathrm{CCl}_{4}(10 \mathrm{ml})\right] 3615,3422$, and $1701 \mathrm{~cm}{ }^{1}$ (Found: C, $59.3 ; \mathrm{H}, 5.3 ; \mathrm{F}, 13.35 ; \mathrm{N}, 3.3 \%$. $\mathrm{C}_{21} \mathrm{H}_{22} \mathrm{~F}_{3} \mathrm{NO}_{5}$ requires C, 59.3; H, 5.2; F, 13.4; N, 3.3\%).

Compounds ( - )-(4a) and ( - )-(6) were treated as above. The amide of $(-)(-4 a): \delta\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) 2.74(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dd}, J 15,8 \mathrm{~Hz}), 3.42(3 \mathrm{H}$, d, $J 1 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ), $3.2-3.6(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 4.30(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 5.08(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 5 \mathrm{~Hz})$, 6.6-6.9 $(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m})$, and $7.1-7.7(6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m})$; $\mathrm{v}_{\text {max. }}\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) 3420$ and $1685 \mathrm{~cm}^{1}$; $v_{\text {max. }}$ (dilute solution of $\left.\mathrm{CCl}_{4}\right) 3593,3477,3425$, 1703 sh , and $1691 \mathrm{~cm}{ }^{1}$

The amide of $(-)-(6): \delta\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) 2.89(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dd}, J 6,17 \mathrm{~Hz})$, $3.25(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dd}, J 6,17 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ), $3.29(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 3.40(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 1 \mathrm{~Hz}), 3.89$ $(6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 4.56(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 4 \mathrm{~Hz}), 4.72(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 6.78(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 6.88$ $(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s})$, and $7.3-7.7(5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m})$; $v_{\text {max. }}\left(\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right) 3420$ and 1693 cm ${ }^{1}$.

The racemic compounds (4a), (5a), and (6) were treated as above. The amide of $( \pm)$-(4a): doublet signals at $\delta 5.01$ and 3.40 in addition to 5.08 and 3.42. The amide of $( \pm)-(5 a)$ : doublet signal at $\delta 3.46$ and 5.03 in addition to 3.41 and 4.97. The amide of $( \pm)(6)$ : singlet signal at $\delta 3.51$ in addition to one at 3.29 ( $1-\mathrm{MeO}$ ).

General Procedure for Preparation of the Schiff Base and the Oxazolidine.-The amine ( 0.1 mol ) and the aldehyde $(0.3 \mathrm{~mol})$ in benzene were heated under reflux for 10 h with continuous water removal. Either the crystals were collected by filtration or the solution was concentrated under reduced pressure and at $150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (bath temp.) at 1 mmHg and crystallized from benzenehexane.
(+)-(1S,2S)-2-Benzylideneaminoindan-1-ol (+)-(13a): 98.5\% yield; m.p. $187^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{23}+26.5^{\circ} \pm 0.6\left(c 1.046, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$; $v_{\text {max }}$ (Nujol) 3250,1641 , and $1067 \mathrm{~cm}^{1} ; \delta\left[\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] 2.92(1$ H , dd, $J 8,15 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ), $3.16(1 \mathrm{H}$, dd, $J 8,15 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ), $3.94(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 5.62$ $(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 8 \mathrm{~Hz}), 7.2-7.6(7 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 7.82(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m})$, and $8.48(1 \mathrm{H}$, s); u.v. $\lambda_{\text {max. }}(\mathrm{MeOH}) 287 \operatorname{sh}(\varepsilon 1610), 279$ sh (2910), 272 (6 200), 249 (22 700), 210sh (31900), 205 ( 42 100), and 195.5 nm ( 60400 ); c.d. $\lambda_{\text {max }}(\mathrm{MeOH}): 271(\Delta \varepsilon-1.84), 243(+7.85), 220 \mathrm{sh}$ $(+2.82), 207(-2.28)$, and $197 \mathrm{~nm}(-4.03)$ (Found: C, 81.1; H, 6.45 ; N, 5.9. $\mathrm{C}_{16} \mathrm{H}_{15} \mathrm{NO}$ requires $\mathrm{C}, 81.0 ; \mathrm{H}, 6.35 ; \mathrm{N}, 5.9 \%$ ).
(+)-(1S,2S)-2-(3-Methoxybenzylideneamino)indan-1-ol $(+)$ (13b): $83.0 \%$ yield; m.p. $132-133{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; $[x]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{24}+25.9^{\circ} \pm 0.7$ (c $\left.0.842, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right) ; v_{\text {max }}$ (Nujol) 3230 and $1640 \mathrm{~cm}{ }^{1} ; \delta\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ $3.05(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 3.14(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 3.79(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 3.94(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 5.28(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}$, $J 7 \mathrm{~Hz}), 6.8-7.5(8 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m})$, and $8.35(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s})$; u.v. $\lambda_{\text {max. }}(\mathrm{MeOH})$ 303 ( $\varepsilon 3690$ ), 271 ( 5940 ), 257sh ( 16 200), 253 ( 17000 ), and 212 $\mathrm{nm}(32900)$; c.d. $\lambda_{\text {max. }}(\mathrm{MeOH}) 272(\Delta \varepsilon-1.74), 247(+4.30)$, 225sh ( +2.78 ), and $197 \mathrm{~nm}(-1.67)$ (Found: C, 76.1; H, 6.35; N, 5.15. $\mathrm{C}_{17} \mathrm{H}_{17} \mathrm{NO}_{2}$ requires $\mathrm{C}, 76.4 ; \mathrm{H}, 6.4 ; \mathrm{N}, 5.25 \%$ ).
(+)-(1S,2S)-2-(3,4-Dimethoxybenzylideneamino)indan-1-ol $(+)$-(13c): $88.9 \%$ yield; m.p. $155-156^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{23}+33.4^{\circ} \pm 0.6$ (c $\left.0.995, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right) ; v_{\text {max. }}$. Nujol ) 3220 and $1634 \mathrm{~cm}{ }^{1} ; \delta\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ $3.07(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 9 \mathrm{~Hz}), 3.89(6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 3.9(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 5.30(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 6$ $\mathrm{Hz}), 7.0-7.5(6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m})$, and $8.19(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s})$; u.v. $\lambda_{\text {max }}(\mathrm{MeOH}) 303(\varepsilon$ $13100), 272$ (19900), 268 (19300), 225sh (19700), and 209 nm ( 32900 ); c.d. $\lambda_{\text {max. }}(\mathrm{MeOH}) 300(\Delta \varepsilon+0.84), 268(+1.20), 260$ $(+1.66), 255(+1.48), 223(+4.42)$, and $200 \mathrm{~nm}(-2.85)$
(Found: C, 72.15; H, 6.5; N, 4.7. $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{19} \mathrm{NO}_{3}$ requires $\mathrm{C}, 72.7$; H, 6.45; N, 4.7\%).
(+)-(1S,2S)-2-(2,3-Dimethoxybenzylideneamino)indan-1-ol ( + )-(13d): $97.1 \%$ yield; m.p. $168-169^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{24}+14.1^{\circ} \pm 0.5$ (c $\left.0.937, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right) ; v_{\text {max. }}$ (Nujol) 3225 and $1645 \mathrm{~cm}{ }^{1} ; \delta\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ $3.08(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 3.18(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 3.88(6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 3.8-4.2(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 5.39$ $(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 7 \mathrm{~Hz}), 6.9-7.4(6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 7.63(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dd}, J 2,7 \mathrm{~Hz})$, and $8.83(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s})$; u.v. $\lambda_{\text {max. }}(\mathrm{MeOH}) 306(\varepsilon 2430), 271(10400), 265 \mathrm{sh}$ ( 15500 ), 258(17400), and $218(35800)$; c.d. $\lambda_{\text {max }}(\mathrm{MeOH}) 278$ $(\Delta \varepsilon-1.43), 245(+2.86), 235 \operatorname{sh}(+2.16), 220 \operatorname{sh}(+0.818)$, and 198 (-0.364) (Found: C, 72.55; H, 6.4; N, 4.8. $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{19} \mathrm{NO}_{3}$ requires $\mathrm{C}, 72.7 ; \mathrm{H}, 6.45 ; \mathrm{N}, 4.7 \%$ ).
(-)-(1R,2R)-2-Benzylideneamino-5-methoxyindan-1-ol (-)(13e): $96.3 \%$ yield; m.p. $143-145^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{25}-3.7^{\circ} \pm 0.7$ (c $\left.1.150, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right) ; v_{\text {max. }}$ (Nujol) 3230 and $1635 \mathrm{~cm}^{1} ; \delta\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ $3.07(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 3.15(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 3.80(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 3.95(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 5.22(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}$, $J 6 \mathrm{~Hz}), 6.7-6.9(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 7.2-7.5(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 7.7-7.9(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m})$, $8.41\left(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}\right.$ ) ; u.v. $\lambda_{\text {max. }}(\mathrm{MeOH}) 286(\varepsilon 4860), 280 \operatorname{sh}(6250), 249$ (21700), 234sh (17000), 212sh (24900), and $201 \mathrm{~nm}(65500)$; c.d. $\lambda_{\text {max. }}(\mathrm{MeOH}) 285 \mathrm{sh}(\Delta \varepsilon+0.315), 275(+0.676), 238$ $(+0.676), 225(-1.89), 214(-2.16)$, and $200 \mathrm{~nm}(-2.70)$ (Found: $\mathrm{C}, 75.95 ; \mathrm{H}, 6.2 ; \mathrm{N}, 5.2 . \mathrm{C}_{17} 7 \mathrm{H}_{17} \mathrm{NO}_{2}$ requires $\mathrm{C}, 76.4$; H, 6.4; N, $5.25 \%$ ).
(-)-(1R,2R)-2-(3-Methoxybenzylideneamino)-5-methoxy-indan-1-ol $(-)$-(13f): $92.0 \%$ yield; m.p. $140-141{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{24}$ $-2.8^{\circ} \pm 0.5, \quad[x]_{365{ }^{24}}+47.3^{\circ} \pm 1.3\left(c \quad 0.974, \quad \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$; $v_{\text {max. }}$ (Nujol) 3240,1640 , and $1078 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} ; \delta\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) 3.04(1 \mathrm{H}$, s), $3.12(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 3.78(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 3.82(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 3.7-4.1(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 5.21$ $(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 6 \mathrm{~Hz}), 6.7-7.1(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 7.2-7.4(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m})$, and $8.31(1$ H , s); u.v. $\lambda_{\text {max. }}(\mathrm{MeOH}) 302(\varepsilon 3810), 287$ (5 520), 280sh (5 840), $253(17300), 220(32600)$, and $199 \mathrm{~nm}(56500)$; c.d. $\lambda_{\text {max. }}(\mathrm{MeOH}) 276(\Delta \varepsilon+2.35), 259.5(-0.379)$, and 220 nm ( +1.62 ) (Found: C, $72.1 ; \mathrm{H}, 6.15 ; \mathrm{N}, 5.0 . \mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{19} \mathrm{NO}_{3}$ requires C, 72.7 ; H, 6.45, N, $4.7 \%$ ).
( + )-(1S,2S)-2-(3,4-Dimethoxybenzylideneamino)-5-methoxy-indan-1-ol $(+)-(13 \mathrm{~g}): 82.1 \%$ yield; m.p. $169-170^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{24}$ $+2.3^{\circ} \pm 0.5,[\alpha]_{365}{ }^{24} 6.6^{\circ} \pm 0.5\left(c 0.922, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right.$ ); $v_{\text {max. }}$. $(\mathrm{Nujol}) ;$ 3230 and $1635 \mathrm{~cm}^{1} ; \delta\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) 3.07(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 3.15(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 3.81$ $(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 3.93(6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 3.7-4.1(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 5.24(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 7 \mathrm{~Hz}), 6.7-$ $7.6(6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m})$, and $8.31(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s})$; u.v. $\lambda_{\text {max. }}(\mathrm{MeOH}) 303(\varepsilon 13100)$, 287sh (14 100), 272 (19 600), 227 (26 400), and $199 \mathrm{~nm}(52700)$; c.d. $\lambda_{\text {max. }}(\mathrm{MeOH}) 275(\Delta \varepsilon-2.29), 239(+1.24), 227(+1.12)$, and $190 \mathrm{~nm}(-0.73)$ (Found: C, 69.2; H, 6.35; N, $4.20 \%$. $\mathrm{C}_{19} \mathrm{H}_{21} \mathrm{NO}_{4}$ requires $\mathrm{C}, 69.7 ; \mathrm{H}, 6.45 ; \mathrm{N}, 4.3 \%$ ).
(+)-(1S,2S)-2-(2,3-Dimethoxybenzylideneamino)-5-methoxy-indan-1-ol $(+)-(13 \mathrm{~h}): 85.9 \%$ yield; m.p. $194{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{24}$ $+3.5^{\circ} \pm 0.4, \quad[\alpha]_{365}{ }^{24}-62.1^{\circ} \pm 0.6$ (c 1.297, $\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ); $v_{\text {max. }}$ (Nujol) 3205 and $1642 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} ; \delta\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) 3.09(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 3.18$ $(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 3.81(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 3.90(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 3.95(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 5.23(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 6$ $\mathrm{Hz}), 6.7-7.7(6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m})$, and $8.83(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s})$; u.v. $\lambda_{\text {max. }}(\mathrm{MeOH}) 305(\varepsilon$ $2510), 286$ ( 5670 ), 258 ( 17100 ), 223 (38 300), and 198 nm ( 52600 ); c.d. $\lambda_{\text {max. }}(\mathrm{MeOH}) 278(\Delta \varepsilon-3.58), 250(+3.00), 230$ $(+4.61), 200(+7.61)$, and $190 \mathrm{~nm}(-3.45)$ (Found: C, 69.6; H, $6.4 ; \mathrm{N}, 4.15 . \mathrm{C}_{19} \mathrm{H}_{21} \mathrm{NO}_{4}$ requires $\mathrm{c}, 69.7 ; \mathrm{H}, 6.45 ; \mathrm{N}, 4.3 \%$ ).
(-)-(1S,2R)-2-Benzylideneamino-1,5,6-trimethoxyindan (-)(17n): $80.5 \%$ yield; m.p. $163-164^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{23}-16.6^{\circ} \pm 0.4(c$ $\left.1.246, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right) ; v_{\text {max. }}($ Nujol $) 1640 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} ; \delta\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) 2.98(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dd}$, $J 7,15 \mathrm{~Hz}), 3.23(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dd}, J 7,15 \mathrm{~Hz}), 3.42(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 3.86(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s})$, $3.88(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 4.31(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 4.75(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dd}, J 5 \mathrm{~Hz}), 6.79(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s})$, $6.95(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 7.3-7.5(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m})$, and $8.45(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s})$; u.v. $\lambda_{\text {max }}(\mathrm{MeOH}) 288 \mathrm{sh}(\varepsilon 7360), 284(7640), 243$ (21400), and 203 nm ( 71100 ); c.d. $\lambda_{\text {max }}$. MeOH ) 292sh ( $\Delta \varepsilon+0.568$ ), 285 $(+0.727), 250(-2.48), 227(+3.36), 212(+5.67)$, and 203.5 nm (-4.97) (Found: C, 73.4; H, 6.85; N, 4.4. $\mathrm{C}_{19} \mathrm{H}_{21} \mathrm{NO}_{3}$ requires C, 73.3; H, 6.8, N, 4.5\%).
(+)-(2S,2R)-2-(3-Methoxybenzylideneamino)-1,5,6-trimethoxyindan $(+)-(17 \mathrm{o}): 68.0 \%$ yield; m.p. $107-108{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{23}$ $+11.1^{\circ} \pm 0.4\left(c \quad 1.104, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right) ; v_{\max .}(\mathrm{Nujol}) 1638 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} ;$
$\delta\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) 2.98(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dd}, J 7,15 \mathrm{~Hz}), 3.25(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dd}, J 7,15 \mathrm{~Hz})$, $3.43(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 3.82(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 3.87(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 3.89(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 4.33(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m})$, $4.77(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 5 \mathrm{~Hz}), 6.81(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 6.96(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 7.2-7.5(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m})$, and $8.43(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s})$; u.v. $\lambda_{\text {max. }}(\mathrm{MeOH}) 310$ sh ( $\varepsilon 3510$ ), 289 ( 8180 ), 252 (16 400), 219sh (31500), and $203(58300)$; c.d. $\lambda_{\text {max. }}(\mathrm{MeOH})$ $310(\Delta \varepsilon-0.182), 288.5(+0.867), 250(-2.58), 230(+4.12), 215$ ( -0.606 ), and $204 \mathrm{~nm}(+4.27$ ) (Found: C, 70.35; H, 6.65; N, 4.0. $\mathrm{C}_{20} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{NO}_{4}$ requires $\mathrm{C}, 70.35 ; \mathrm{H}, 6.8 ; \mathrm{N}, 4.1 \%$ ).
(-)-(2S,2R)-2-(3,4-Dimethoxybenzylideneamino)-1,5,6-trimethoxyindan ( - )-(17p): $80.5 \%$ yield; m.p. $132-133{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;[x]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{23}$ $-7.9^{\circ} \pm 0.4$ (c $1.101, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ); $v_{\text {max. }}$. (Nujol) $1640 \mathrm{~cm}^{1}$; $\delta\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) 2.98(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dd}, J 7,15 \mathrm{~Hz}), 3.25(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dd}, J 7,15 \mathrm{~Hz})$, $3.44(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 3.90(6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 3.92(6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 4.29(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 4.75(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}$, $J 5 \mathrm{~Hz}), 6.81(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 6.87(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 9 \mathrm{~Hz}), 6.96(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 7.31(1 \mathrm{H}$, d, $J 9 \mathrm{~Hz}), 7.49(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 2 \mathrm{~Hz})$, and $8.37(1 \mathrm{H}$, s); u.v. $\lambda_{\text {max }}(\mathrm{MeOH}) 310 \operatorname{sh}(\varepsilon 10900), 295(15000), 272(18600), 226$ ( 23800 ), and 203 nm (57500); c.d. $\lambda_{\text {max. }}(\mathrm{MeOH}) 305(\Delta \varepsilon$ $-0.609), 291(+0.633), 265(-2.13), 230(+2.23)$, and 220 nm $(+3.51)$ (Found: C, 67.8; H, 6.75; N, 3.8. $\mathrm{C}_{21} \mathrm{H}_{25} \mathrm{NO}_{5}$ requires C, 67.9; H, 6.8; N, $3.75 \%$ ).
( - )-(2S,2R)-2-(2,3-Dimethoxybenzylideneamino)-1,5,6-trimethoxyindan (-)-(17q): $67.3 \%$ yield; m.p. $120^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{23}$ $-10.1^{\circ} \pm 0.5\left(c 1.078, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right) ; v_{\text {max. }}$. Nujol ) $1640 \mathrm{~cm}{ }^{1} ;\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ $3.01(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dd}, J 7,16 \mathrm{~Hz}), 3.25(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dd}, J 7,16 \mathrm{~Hz}), 3.43(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s})$, $3.88(6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 3.90(6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 4.37(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 4.79(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 5 \mathrm{~Hz}), 6.82$ $(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 6.97(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 6.9-7.3(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 7.65(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dd}, J 3,7 \mathrm{~Hz})$, and $8.84(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s})$; u.v. $\lambda_{\text {max. }}(\mathrm{MeOH}) 310 \mathrm{sh}(\varepsilon 2500)$, $285(8490)$, 257 (16000), $222(36900)$, and $202 \mathrm{~nm}(54100)$; c.d. $\lambda_{\text {max. }}(\mathrm{MeOH}) 310(\Delta \varepsilon-0.15), 291 \mathrm{sh}(+0.473), 288(+0.603)$, $282.5(+0.603), 254(-1.32), 227(+6.61)$, and $203 \mathrm{~nm}(-3.00)$ (Found: C, 67.6; H, 6.6; N, 3.5. $\mathrm{C}_{21} \mathrm{H}_{25} \mathrm{NO}_{5}$ requires C, 67.9; H, 6.8 ; N, $3.75 \%$ ).
(-)-(2RS,4R,5S)-2-Phenyl-3,3a,4,8b-tetrahydro-2H-indeno-[2,1-d]oxazole (-)-(15i): $81.7 \%$ yield; m.p. $61-62{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; $v_{\text {max. }}$ (Nujol) $3280 \mathrm{~cm}{ }^{1}$. The n.m.r. spectrum showed this to be a mixture of the epimers.
(-)-(2RS,4R,5S)-5,6-Dimethoxy-2-phenyl-3,3a,4,8b-tetra-hydro- 2 H -indeno $[2,1-\mathrm{d}]$ oxazole ( - )-(15j): $84.4 \%$ yield; m.p. $93-95^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; $v_{\text {max. }}$ (Nujol) 3315,1078 , and $1020 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. The n.m.r. spectrum showed this to be a mixture of the epimers (Found: C, 72.6; $\mathrm{H}, 6.35 ; \mathrm{N}, 4.65 . \mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{19} \mathrm{NO}_{3}$ requires $\mathrm{C}, 72.7 ; \mathrm{H}, 6.45 ; \mathrm{N}$, $4.7 \%$ ).
(-)-(1R,2R)-1,5-Dimethoxy-2-(3,4-dimethoxybenzylideneamino)indan, $\quad(+)-(2 \mathrm{RS}, 4 \mathrm{~S}, 5 \mathrm{R})-5,6$-dimethoxy-2-(m-methoxy-phenyl)-3,3a,4,8b-tetrahydro-2H-indeno $[2,1-\mathrm{d}]$ oxazole $(+)-$ (15k), (-)-(2RS,4R,5S)-2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-5,6-dimethoxy-3,3a,4,8b-tetrahydro-2H-indeno[2,1-d]oxazole (-)(151) and (+)-(2RS,4S,5R)-2-(2,3-dimethoxypheny)-5,6-di-methoxy-3,3a,4,8b-tetrahydro-2H-indeno[2,1-d]oxazole (+)$\mathbf{( 1 5 m})$. These compounds could not be crystallized and were used in the next procedures without further purification.

General Procedure for Preparation of the Benzylamino Derivatives.- $\mathrm{NaBH}_{4}(0.15 \mathrm{~mol})$ was added to a suspension of the Schiff base or the oxazolidine derivatives ( 0.093 mol ) in methanol ( 500 ml ) with ice cooling and stirring under a nitrogen atmosphere. The solution was stirred at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 2 h . Dilute HCl was added and the mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was extracted with methanol and ether was added. The crystals were collected by filtration and dried. With concentration in an acidic medium, the compounds (14f), (14h), (16k), (16m), (180), (18p), and (18q) cyclized to (19f, h, $\mathbf{k}, \mathbf{m}, \mathbf{o}, \mathbf{p}$, and $\mathbf{q}$ ), and the benzylamino derivatives could not be isolated.
(+)-(1S,2S)-2-Benzylaminoindan-1-ol (+)-(14a): $91.3 \%$ yield; m.p. $135-136^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;[x]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{23}+50.7^{\circ} \pm 0.7$ (c 1.023 , MeOH); $v_{\text {max. }}$ (Nujol) $3260 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; $v_{\text {max }}$. (dilute solution in $\mathrm{CCl}_{4}$ ) 3625 , 3596 , and $3403 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} ; \delta\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) 2.4-2.8(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 3.0-3.5$
( $2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}$ ), 3.78 ( $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 15 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ), 3.95 ( $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 15 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ), $4.92(1 \mathrm{H}$, d, $J 6 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ), and $7.1-7.5(9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m})$; u.v. $\lambda_{\text {max. }}(\mathrm{MeOH}) 272(\varepsilon 1140)$, 265.5 (1 160), 259 (859), 253sh (550), 214sh ( 14800 ), and 206 nm (20 400); c.d. $\lambda_{\text {max. }}(\mathrm{MeOH}) 269.5(\Delta \varepsilon+0.315), 263(+0.382)$, $258 \mathrm{sh}(+0.297), 227(-0.158)$, and $213 \mathrm{~nm}(+0.970)$ (Found: C, 79.9; H, 7.2; N, 5.85. $\mathrm{C}_{16} \mathrm{H}_{17} \mathrm{NO}$ requires C, 80.3; H, 7.15; N, $5.85 \%$ ).

The HCl salt: m.p. $221-222{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;[x]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{23}+30.3^{\circ} \pm 0.6(c$ $1.071, \mathrm{MeOH})$.
(+)-(1S,2S)-2-(3-Methoxybenzylamino)indan-1-ol (+)-(14b): $95.3 \%$ yield; m.p. $147-148^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;[x]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{24}+38.0^{\circ} \pm 0.5$ (c 1.387, $\mathrm{MeOH}) ; v_{\text {max. }}\left(\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right) 3590$ and $1030 \mathrm{~cm}{ }^{1} ; \delta\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) 2.4-2.8$ $(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 3.0-3.5(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 3.79(6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}) .3 .88(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 4.90(1 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{d}, J 5 \mathrm{~Hz})$, $6.6-7.0(5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m})$, and $7.1-7.4(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m})$; u.v. $\lambda_{\text {max }}(\mathrm{MeOH}) 281$ ( $\varepsilon 1860$ ), 272.5 (2940), 266 ( 2250 ), 260sh (1 370), 215sh ( 15600 ), and $211 \mathrm{sh} \mathrm{nm}(17100)$; c.d. $\lambda_{\text {max. }}(\mathrm{MeOH}) 270(\Delta \varepsilon+0.342), 272(+0.342), 272(+0.370), 232$ $(-0.133), 211(+1.19)$, and $205 \mathrm{~nm}(+1.19)$ (Found: C, 72.15 ; $\mathrm{H}, 7.05 ; \mathrm{N}, 4.65 . \mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{21} \mathrm{NO}_{3}$ requires $\mathrm{C}, 72.2 ; \mathrm{H}, 7.05 ; \mathrm{N}$, $4.85 \%$ ).

The HCl salt: m.p. $201-205^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (decomp.); $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{25}$ $+30.6^{\circ} \pm 0.6(c 0.984, \mathrm{MeOH})$.
(+)-(15,2S)-2-(3-Dimethoxybenzylamino)indan-1-ol (+)(14c): $98.0 \%$ yield; m.p. $114-115^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;[x]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{23}+35.3^{\circ} \pm 0.5(c$ $1.189, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ); $v_{\text {max. }}$ (Nujol) 3250,1064 , and $1030 \mathrm{~cm}^{1}$; u.v. $\lambda_{\text {max }}(\mathrm{MeOH}) 285 \mathrm{sh}(\varepsilon 2600)$, 280 ( 3040 ), 278 ( 3040 ), 273 ( 3460 ), 266 ( 2470 ), $230(8910), 216$ sh ( 14400 ), 201sh ( 61600 ), and $196 \mathrm{~nm}(76300)$ (Found: C, 71.9; H, 7.0; N, 4.7. $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{21} \mathrm{NO}_{4}$ requires $\mathrm{C}, 72.2 ; \mathrm{H}, 7.05 ; \mathrm{N}, 4.7$ ).

The HCl salt: m.p. $218-219^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{24}+29.7^{\circ} \pm 0.6(c$ $0.948, \mathrm{MeOH})$.
(+)-(1S,2S)-2-(2,3-Dimethoxybenzylamino)indan-1-ol (+)(14d): $70.4 \%$ yield; m.p. $141^{\circ} \mathrm{C}[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{24}+57.6^{\circ} \pm 3.7$ (c 0.187, MeOH ); $\mathrm{v}_{\text {max. }}$. Nujol ) 3290,3160 , and $1066 \mathrm{~cm}^{1}$; $\delta\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ $2.63(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 3.0-3.5(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 3.85(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 3.87(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 4.95$ $(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 7 \mathrm{~Hz})$, and $6.7-7.4(7 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m})$; u.v. $\lambda_{\text {max. }}(\mathrm{MeOH}) 278 \mathrm{sh}(\varepsilon$ 1620 ), 272 (2600), 266 (2040), 215sh (18000), and 196 nm (54000); c.d. $\lambda_{\text {max. }}(\mathrm{MeOH}) 269(\Delta \varepsilon+0.436), 262(+0.436), 235$ ( -0.12 ), and $205 \mathrm{~nm}(+2.03)$ (Found: C, 72.0; H, 7.05; N, 4.7. $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{21} \mathrm{NO}_{3}$ requires $\mathrm{C}, 72.2 ; \mathrm{H}, 7.05 ; \mathrm{N}, 4.7 \%$ ).
(+)-(1S,2S)-2-Benzylamino-5-methoxyindan-1-ol (+)-14e): $91.2 \%$ yield; m.p. $152{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{24}+37.8^{\circ} \pm 0.5(c 1.191, \mathrm{MeOH}) ;$ $v_{\text {max. }}$ (Nujol) 3500 and $3180 \mathrm{~cm}^{1} ; \delta\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) 2.4-2.8(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m})$, $3.0-3.5(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 3.78(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 3.91(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 4.91(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 6 . \mathrm{Hz})$, 6.6-6.9 ( $2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}$ ), and $7.1-7.5(6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m})$; u.v. $\lambda_{\text {max. }}(\mathrm{MeOH}) 286(\varepsilon$ 2390 ), 280 (2610), 278sh (2550), 227 (15600), and 198 nm (56600); c.d. $\lambda_{\text {max. }}(\mathrm{MeOH}) 283(\Delta \varepsilon-0.582), 278.5(-0.645,230$ $(+0.852)$, and $200 \mathrm{~nm}(+7.82)$.

The HCl salt: m.p. $292^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{25}+16.9^{\circ} \pm 0.5$ (c 1.065 , MeOH ) (Found: $\mathrm{C}, 66.45 ; \mathrm{H}, 6.6 ; \mathrm{Cl}, 11.45$; $\mathrm{N}, 4.55$. $\mathrm{C}_{17} \mathrm{H}_{20} \mathrm{ClNO}_{2}$ requires $\mathrm{C}, 66.75 ; \mathrm{H}, 6.5 ; \mathrm{Cl}, 11.6 ; \mathrm{N}, 4.6 \%$ ).
(+)-(1S,2S)-2-(3,4-Dimethoxybenzylamino)-5-methoxyindan-$1-o l(+)-(14 \mathrm{~g}):$ m.p. $128-129^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{24}+35.2 \pm 0.7(c 0.885$, $\mathrm{MeOH}) ; \delta\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) 2.60(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 3.0-3.5(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 3.77(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s})$, $3.83(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 3.87(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 3.8-4.1(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 4.90(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 6 \mathrm{~Hz})$, and $6.6-7.2(6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m})$; u.v. $\lambda_{\text {max. }}(\mathrm{MeOH}) 287$ ( $\varepsilon 9110$ ), 230sh ( 15600 ), and $202 \mathrm{~nm}(21000)$; c.d. $\lambda_{\text {max }}(\mathrm{MeOH}) 279(\Delta \varepsilon$ $-0.558), 230(+1.00)$, and $204 \mathrm{~nm}(+2.91)$ (Found : $\mathrm{C}, 68.7 ; \mathrm{H}$, 6.95; N, 4.3. $\mathrm{C}_{19} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{NO}_{4}$ requires $\mathrm{C}, 69.3 ; \mathrm{H}, 7.05 ; \mathrm{N}, 4.25 \%$ ).

The HCl salt: m.p. $204^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (decomp.); $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{24}+14.3^{\circ} \pm 0.7$ (c $0.753, \mathrm{MeOH}$ ); $v_{\text {max. }}$ (Nujol) 3270 and $1042 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$.
(-)-(1S,2S)-2-Benzylamino-4,5-dimethoxyindan-1-ol (-)(16j): m.p. $156-157^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{23}-30.9^{\circ} \pm 0.7(c 0.810, \mathrm{MeOH})$; $v_{\text {max. }}\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) 3590,1077$, and $1022 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} ; \delta\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) 2.58(1 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{m}), 3.2-3.5(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 3.83(6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 3.94(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 4.91(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 5$ $\mathrm{Hz}), 6.80(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 9 \mathrm{~Hz}), 7.04(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 9 \mathrm{~Hz})$, and $7.2-7.4(5 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{m}) ; \lambda_{\text {max. }}(\mathrm{MeOH}) 281$ ( 11330 ), 276 ( 1340 ), 274 ( 1330 ), 227sh ( 8960 ), and $203 \mathrm{~nm}(55000)$.
(-)-(1S,2S)-2-(3,4-Dimethoxybenzylamino)-4,5-dimethoxy-indan-1-ol (-)-(161): $79.0 \%$ yield; m.p. $57 \mathrm{C} ; \quad[x]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{23}$ $-13.8 \pm 0.5(c \cdot 1.043, \mathrm{MeOH}) ; v_{\text {max. }}$ (Nujol) 3290,3060 , and $1028 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} \delta\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) 2.78(1 \mathrm{H}$, dd, $J 7,15 \mathrm{~Hz}), 3.16(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dd}, J$ $7,15 \mathrm{~Hz}), 3.41(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 3.83(6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 3.86(6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 3.88(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s})$, $4.79\left(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 5 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$ ), and 6.7-7.2(5 H, m); u.v. $\lambda_{\text {max. }}(\mathrm{MeOH}) 280$ ( $\varepsilon 4100$ ), 276sh ( 4020 ), 231 ( 17800 ), and $202 \mathrm{~nm}(92100)$; c.d. $\lambda_{\text {max }}(\mathrm{MeOH}) 276(\Delta \varepsilon+0.170), 269(+0.145), 231(-2.27), 200$ $(+3.39)$, and $190 \mathrm{~nm}(+1.97)$.

The HCl salt: m.p. $213-214{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;[x]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{23}-15.9^{\circ} \pm 0.5$ (c $0.980, \mathrm{MeOH}$ ) (Found: $\mathrm{C}, 59.8 ; \mathrm{H}, 6.65 ; \mathrm{Cl}, 8.75 \mathrm{~N}, 3.45$. $\mathrm{C}_{20} \mathrm{H}_{26} \mathrm{ClNO}_{5}$ requires $\left.\mathrm{C}, 60.7 ; \mathrm{H}, 6.6 ; \mathrm{Cl}, 8.95 ; \mathrm{N}, 3.55 \%\right)$.
(-)-(1S,2S)-2-Benzylamino-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-1-naphthol (-)-(21): m.p. $80-81^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;[x]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{24}-78.9 \pm 0.4(c 2.065, \mathrm{MeOH})$; $v_{\text {max }}$ (Nujol) $3160 ; v_{\text {max. }}$ (dilute solution in $\mathrm{CCl}_{4}$ ) 3616 and 3443 $\mathrm{cm}{ }^{\mathrm{i}} ; \delta\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) 1.5-2.3(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 2.7-3.1(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 3.78(2 \mathrm{H}$, s), $4.65\left(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 4 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$ ), and $7.0-7.6(9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m})$; u.v. $\lambda_{\text {max. }}$ ( MeOH ) 272.5 ( $\varepsilon 408$ ), 265 (521), 259 (479), 254 (360), 216sh ( 12600 ), 206sh (19500), and $195 \mathrm{sh} \mathrm{nm} \mathrm{(68} \mathrm{100);} \mathrm{c.d}. \lambda_{\text {max. }}$ ( MeOH ) 270 ( $\Delta \varepsilon-0.255$ ), $262.5(-0.312)$, and $217 \mathrm{~nm}(-0.682)$.

The HCl salt: m.p. $250{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{24}-68.6^{\circ} \pm 0.7$ (c 1.157, MeOH ) (Found: C, 70.6; H, 6.95; Cl, 12.1. N, 4.9. $\mathrm{C}_{17} \mathrm{H}_{20} \mathrm{ClNO}$ requires $\mathrm{C}, 70.45 ; \mathrm{H}, 6.95 ; \mathrm{Cl}, 12.25 ; \mathrm{N}, 4.85 \%$ ).

General Procedure for Cyclization of the Benzylamino Derivatives.-(A) The benzylamino derivatives were treated according to the procedure cited in the literature. ${ }^{17.18}$
(B) The benzylamino derivatives were treated with concentrated hydrochloric acid at $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 10 min . The solution was then concentrated to dryness under reduced pressure or the crystalline salt was collected by filtration. Aqueous sodium hydroxide was added to the salt and the mixture was extracted with chloroform. The solution was washed with water, dried $\left(\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}\right)$, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The amine was crystallized from ether-hexane. The HCl salt was recrystallized from methanol-ether.
(+)-(6aR,11bR)-6,6a,7,11b-Tetrahydro-5H-indeno[2,1-c]isoquinoline $(+)-(19 a)$. Method $\mathrm{A} ;(-)-(1 R, 2 R)$ - and $(-)-(1 S, 2 R)-$ 2-benzylaminoindan-1-ol gave an identical product: $77.9 \%$ yield; m.p. $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{23}+293.6^{\circ} \pm 1.6$ (c $1.180, \mathrm{MeOH}$ ); $v_{\text {max. }}$ (Nujol) $3310 \mathrm{~cm}{ }^{1} ; \delta\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) 2.85(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 16 \mathrm{~Hz}), 3.31$ $(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dd}, J 6,16 \mathrm{~Hz}), 3.81(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 17 \mathrm{~Hz}), 3.86(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dd}, J 5,6$ $\mathrm{Hz}), 4.01(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 17 \mathrm{~Hz}), 4.11(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 5 \mathrm{~Hz})$, and $6.9-7.5(8$ $\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}$ ) (Found: $\mathrm{C}, 87.1 ; \mathrm{H}, 6.75 ; \mathrm{N}, 6.5 . \mathrm{C}_{16} \mathrm{H}_{15} \mathrm{~N}$ requires C , 86.85; H, 6.85; N, 6.35\%).

The HCl salt: m.p. $272-275^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{24}+220.0^{\circ} \pm 1.6(c$ $\left.0.993, \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right) ; m / z: 221$.
(-)-(6aS, 11 bS$)$-3-Methoxy-6,6a,7,11b-tetrahydro-5Hindeno $[2,1-\mathrm{c}]$ isoquinoline $(-)-(19 b)$. Method B ; the amine could not be crystallized, $\delta\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) 2.82(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 16 \mathrm{~Hz}), 3.30(1$ $\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dd}, J 5,16 \mathrm{~Hz}), 3.77(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 3.6-4.4(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 6.56(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 3$ $\mathrm{Hz}), 6.85(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dd}, J 3,9 \mathrm{~Hz})$, and $7.0-7.5(5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m})$.
The HCl salt: m.p. $235-240{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (decomp.); $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{24}$ $+257.5^{\circ} \pm 2.4$ (c 0.722, MeOH); $v_{\text {max. }}$ (Nujol) 2780,2700 , 2600 , and $1032 \mathrm{~cm}^{1}$ (Found: C, $70.55 ; \mathrm{H}, 6.3 ; \mathrm{Cl}, 12.35 ; \mathrm{N}, 4.9$. $\mathrm{C}_{17} \mathrm{H}_{18} \mathrm{ClNO}$ requires $\mathrm{C}, 70.95 ; \mathrm{H}, 6.3 ; \mathrm{Cl}, 12.3 ; \mathrm{N}, 4.85 \%$ ).
(+)(6aR,11bR)-2,3-Dimethoxy-6,6a,7,11b-tetrahydro-5Hindeno $[2,1-\mathrm{c}]$ isoquinoline $(+)-(19 \mathrm{c})$. Method B; m.p. 112$114{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{24}+278.7^{\circ} \pm 1.9(c 0.963, \mathrm{MeOH}) ; \delta\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) 2.86$ $(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 17 \mathrm{~Hz}), 3.36(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dd}, J 5,17 \mathrm{~Hz}), 3.86(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 3.99$ $(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 3.6-4.2(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 6.57(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 7.00(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s})$, and $7.1-7.4$ ( $4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}$ ).

The HCl salt: m.p. $259-261{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (decomp.); $v_{\text {max. }}$ (Nujol) 1120 $\mathrm{cm}^{1}{ }^{1}, m / z 281$ (Found: C, 67.5; H, 6.4; $\mathrm{Cl}, 10.7 ; \mathrm{N}, 4.4$. $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{20} \mathrm{ClNO}_{2}$ requires $\mathrm{C}, 68.05 ; \mathrm{H}, 6.35 ; \mathrm{Cl}, 11.15 ; \mathrm{N}, 4.4 \%$ ). (-)-(6aS, 11 bS$)-3,4$-Dimethoxy-6,6a,7,11b-tetrahydro-5Hindeno $[2,1-\mathrm{c}]$ isoquinoline $(-)-(19 \mathrm{~d})$. Method $\mathrm{B} ;$ m.p. $114-$ $116^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{23}-242.3^{\circ} \pm 1.7(c 0.974, \mathrm{MeOH}) ; \delta\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) 2.85$
$(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 16 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ), $3.32(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dd}, J 6,16 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ), $3.78(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 3.87$ ( 3 $\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 3.6-4.3(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 6.88(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 8 \mathrm{~Hz})$, and $7.0-7.4$ ( 5 $\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m})$.
The HCl salt: m.p. $229-231^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (decomp.); $[x]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{24}$ $-177.6^{\circ} \pm 1.2(c 1.063, \mathrm{MeOH}) ; v_{\text {max. }}(\mathrm{Nujol}) 2575,2485$, and $1100 \mathrm{~cm}^{\text {1}} ; \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z} 281$ (Found: C, $67.35 ; \mathrm{H}, 6.35 ; \mathrm{Cl}, 10.85$; N, 4.45 . $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{20} \mathrm{ClNO}_{2}$ requires $\mathrm{C}, 68.05 ; \mathrm{H}, 6.05 ; \mathrm{Cl}, 11.15 ; \mathrm{N}, 4.4 \%$ ).
(+)-(6aR,11bR)-3,9-Dimethoxy-6,6a,7,11b-tetrahydro-5Hindeno $[2,1-\mathrm{c}]$ isoquinoline $(+)-(19 \mathrm{f})$. Method B ; m.p. $86-88^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{24}+218.1^{\circ} \pm 1.6(c 0.968, \mathrm{MeOH}) ; \delta\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) 2.80(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J$ $16 \mathrm{~Hz}), 3.28$ ( $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dd}, J 6,16 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ), 3.74 ( $3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}$ ), 3.76 ( $3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}$ ), $3.6-$ $4.2(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 6.5-7.0(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 7.13(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 8 \mathrm{~Hz})$, and $7.37(1$ $\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 8 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ).
The HCl salt: m.p. $250-252^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (decomp.); $[x]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{24}$ $-170.7^{\circ} \pm 1.6(c 0.776, \mathrm{MeOH}) ; \nu_{\text {max. }}$ (Nujol) 1035 and 1024 $\mathrm{cm}^{1}$; m/z 281 (Found: C, 67.55; H, 6.4; Cl, 11.2; N, 4.45. $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{20} \mathrm{ClNO}_{2}$ requires C, $68.05 ; \mathrm{H}, 6.35 ; \mathrm{Cl}, 11.15 ; \mathrm{N}, 4.4 \%$ ).
(-)-(6aS, 11 bS$)-2,3,9$-Trimethoxy-6,6a, $7,11 \mathrm{~b}$-tetrahydro-5Hindeno $[2,1-\mathrm{c}]$ isoquinoline $(-)-(19 \mathrm{~g})$. Method B ; m.p. $116-$ $118{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; \delta\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) 2.82(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 16 \mathrm{~Hz}), 3.31(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dd}, J 6,16$ $\mathrm{Hz}), 3.5-4.2(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 3.78(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 3.85(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 3.96(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s})$, $6.56(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 6.5-6.9(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 6.96(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s})$, and $7.18(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 8$ Hz ).

The HCl salt: m.p. $212-215^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (decomp.); $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{25}$ $-208.8^{\circ} \pm 1.4$ (c 1.106, MeOH); $v_{\text {max }}$ (Nujol) 2610 and 1026 $\mathrm{cm}^{1}$; m/z 311 (Found: C, 64.95; H, 6.6; Cl, 9.5; N, 4.0. $\mathrm{C}_{19} \mathrm{H}_{22} \mathrm{ClNO}_{3} \cdot 1 / 4 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ requires $\mathrm{C}, 64.75 ; \mathrm{H}, 6.45 ; \mathrm{Cl}, 10.05 ; \mathrm{N}$, $4.0 \%$ ).
(-)-(6aS,11bS)-3,4,9-Trimethoxy-6,6a,7,11b-tetrahydro-5Hindeno $[2,1-\mathrm{c}]$ isoquinoline ( - )-(19h). Method B ; m.p. 101$102{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;[x]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{24}-230.8^{\circ} \pm 1.9(c 0.856, \mathrm{MeOH}) ; \delta\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) 2.81$ $(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 17 \mathrm{~Hz}), 3.30(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dd}, J 6,17 \mathrm{~Hz}), 3.5-4.2(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m})$, $3.77(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 3.79(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 3.88(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 6.68(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dd}, J 2,8 \mathrm{~Hz})$, $6.91(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 8 \mathrm{~Hz})$, and $7.18(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 8 \mathrm{~Hz})$.
The HCl salt: m.p. $243-245^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (decomp.); $[x]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{24}$ $-186.1^{\circ} \pm 1.8(c 0.769, \mathrm{MeOH}) ; v_{\text {max }}$ (Nujol) 2580 and 1097 $\mathrm{cm}^{1}$; m/z 311 (Found: C, 65.0; H, 6.4; Cl, 10.3; N, 4.1. $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{22} \mathrm{ClNO}_{3}$ requires $\mathrm{C}, 65.6 ; \mathrm{H}, 6.4 ; \mathrm{Cl}, 10.2 ; \mathrm{N}, 4.05 \%$ ).
(-)-(6aS, 11 bS )-3,8,9-Trimethoxy-6,6a, $7,11 \mathrm{~b}$-tetrahydro- $5 \mathrm{H}-$ indeno [2,1-c]isoquinoline ( - )-(19k). Method B; m.p. 96-97 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{24}-206.9^{\circ} \pm 1.4$ (c 1.043, MeOH); $v_{\max }$. (Nujol) 2580 and $1074 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} ; \delta\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) 2.95(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dd}, J 2,18 \mathrm{~Hz}), 3.27(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dd}, J$ $5,18 \mathrm{~Hz}), 3.5-4.2(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 3.78(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 3.80(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 3.84(3 \mathrm{H}$, s), $6.5-7.0(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m})$, and $7.35(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 5 \mathrm{~Hz})$ (Found: C, 73.15 ; $\mathrm{H}, 6.85 ; \mathrm{N}, 4.55 . \mathrm{C}_{19} \mathrm{H}_{21} \mathrm{NO}_{3}$ requires $\left.\mathrm{C}, 73.3 ; \mathrm{H}, 6.8 ; \mathrm{N}, 4.5 \%\right)$.
The HCl salt: m.p. $237-240^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (decomp.); $[x]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{23}$ $-154.1^{\circ} \pm 1.1(c 1.003, \mathrm{MeOH}) ; m / z 311$.
( + )-(6aR,11bR)-2,3,8,9-Tetramethoxy-6,6a,7,11b-tetra-hydro-5H-indeno[2,1-c]isoquinoline (+)-(191). Method B; m.p. $105^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;[x]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{23}+273.8^{\circ} \pm 1.6$ (c 1.137 , MeOH); $v_{\text {max. }}$ (Nujol) 3330 and $1080 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} ; \delta\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) 2.96(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dd}, J 2,16 \mathrm{~Hz}), 3.28$ ( $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dd}, J 5,16 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ), 3.8-4.2 (4 H, m), $3.82(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 3.85(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s})$, $3.89(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 3.97(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 6.56(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 6.72(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 9 \mathrm{~Hz}), 6.94$ $(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 9 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ), and $6.95(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s})$ (Found: C, $70.05 ; \mathrm{H}, 6.5 ; \mathrm{N}, 3.9$. $\mathrm{C}_{20} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{NO}_{4}$ requires $\mathrm{C}, 70.35 ; \mathrm{H}, 6.8 ; \mathrm{N}, 4.1 \%$ ).

The HCl salt: m.p. $239-241^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (decomp.); $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{24}$ $+206.1^{\circ} \pm 1.5(c 0.997, \mathrm{MeOH}), m / z 341$.
( - )-(6aS, 11 bS$)-3,4,8,9-$ Tetramethoxy-6,6a,7,11 b-tetrahydro5 H -indeno[2,1-c]isoquinoline ( - )-(19m) Method B; m.p. 138 $140^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{24}-220.6^{\circ} \pm 1.3(c 1.218, \mathrm{MeOH}) ; \delta\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) 2.77$ $(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 16 \mathrm{~Hz}), 3.27(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dd}, J 6,16 \mathrm{~Hz}), 3.5-4.2(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m})$, $3.80(6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 3.84(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 3.88(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 6.82(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 6.85(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s})$, $6.91(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 8 \mathrm{~Hz})$, and $7.18(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 8 \mathrm{~Hz})$.
The HCl salt: m.p. $239-241^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (decomp.); $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{24}$ $-168.6^{\circ} \pm 1.5$ (c 0.849, MeOH); $v_{\text {max. }}$ (Nujol) 2590 and 1030 $\mathrm{cm}^{-1} ; \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z} 341$ (Found: $\mathrm{C}, 63.0 ; \mathrm{H}, 6.4 ; \mathrm{Cl}, 9.5 ; \mathrm{N}, 3.8$. $\mathrm{C}_{20} \mathrm{H}_{24} \mathrm{ClNO}_{4}$ requires C, $63.55 ; \mathrm{H}, 6.4 ; \mathrm{Cl}, 9.4 ; \mathrm{N} 3.7 \%$ ).
(+)-(6aR, 11 bR$)-3,9,10$-Trimethoxy-6,6a,11b-tetrahydro-5H-
indeno[2,1-c]isoquinoline ( + )-(190). Method B; m.p. 127$128 \mathrm{C} ;[x]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{23}+168.5 \pm 1.4$ (c $0.868, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ); $v_{\text {max. }}$. (Nujol) 3290 and $1034 \mathrm{~cm}{ }^{\prime} ; \delta\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) 2.77(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 16 \mathrm{~Hz}), 3.28$ $(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dd}, J 5,16 \mathrm{~Hz}), 3.79(6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 3.84(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 3.7-4.2(4 \mathrm{H}$, m), $6.59(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 3 \mathrm{~Hz}), 6.76(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 6.82(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 6.88(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dd}$, $J 3,9 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ), and $7.36(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 9 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ) (Found: C, $72.8 ; \mathrm{H}, 6.65$; N, 4.6. $\mathrm{C}_{19} \mathrm{H}_{21} \mathrm{NO}_{3}$ requires $\mathrm{C}, 73.3 ; \mathrm{H}, 6.8 ; \mathrm{N}, 4.5 \%$ ).

The HCl salt: m.p. $157-158^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{24}+120.5^{\circ} \pm 0.9(c$ 1.092, MeOH); $m / z 341$
(+)-(6aR,11bR)-2,3,9,10-Tetramethoxy-6,6a,7,11b-tetra-hydro-5H-indeno[2,1-c]isoquinoline ( + )-(19p). Method B; m.p. $164-165^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; \quad[x]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{23}+225.1^{\circ} \pm 2.6$ (c) $\left.0.581, \quad \mathrm{MeOH}\right)$; $v_{\text {max. }}$ (Nujol) 3325 and $1082 \mathrm{~cm}{ }^{1} ; \delta\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) 2.75(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 16$ Hz ), $3.26(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dd}, J 5,16 \mathrm{~Hz}), 3.6,4.2(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 3.78(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s})$, $3.83(6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 3.95(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 6.57(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 6.83(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s})$, and $6.94(1$ $\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}$ ) (Found: C, 69.45; H, 6.8; N, 4.15. $\mathrm{C}_{20} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{NO}_{4}$ requires C, 70.35; H, 6.8; N, 4.1\%).

The HCl salt: m.p. $242-244^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (decomp.); $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{23}$ $+172.5^{\circ} \pm 1.1$ ( $\left.c 1.193, \mathrm{MeOH}\right) ; m / z 341$.
(+)-(6aR,11bR)-3,4,5,10-Tetramethoxy-6,6a,7,11b-tetrahy-dro-5H-indeno[2,1-c]isoquinoline ( + )-(19q). Method B; m.p. $108-109{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; \quad[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{23}+183.4^{\circ} \pm 1.5$ (c $\left.0.891, \quad \mathrm{MeOH}\right) ;$ $v_{\text {max. }}$ (Nujol) 3310 and $1043 \mathrm{~cm}{ }^{1} ; \delta\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) 2.77(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 16$ $\mathrm{Hz}), 3.27(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dd}, J 6,16 \mathrm{~Hz}), 3.5-4.2(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 3.80(6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s})$, $3.84(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 3.88(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 6.82(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 6.85(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}), 6.91(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}$, $J 8 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ), and $7.18(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 8 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ) (Found: C, $70.05 ; \mathrm{H}, 6.8 ; \mathrm{N}, 4.0$. $\mathrm{C}_{20} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{NO}_{4}$ requires $\mathrm{C}, 70.35 ; \mathrm{H}, 7.8 ; \mathrm{N}, 4.1 \%$ ).

The HCl salt: m.p. $144-147^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{23}+127^{\circ} \pm 1.0(c 1.103$, MeOH ); $m / z 341$.
(-)-(6aS, 12 aS$)-5,6,6 \mathrm{a}, 7,8,12 \mathrm{a}-$ Hexahydrobenz $[\mathrm{a}]$ phenanthridine (-)-(22). Method A; m.p. $62-63^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{24}-87.2^{\circ}$ $\pm 0.8$ (c $1.092, \mathrm{MeOH}$ ); $v_{\text {max. }}$ (Nujol) 3330,3320 , and $746 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; $\bar{\delta}\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) 1.61(1 \mathrm{H}$, ddd, $J 6,13,20 \mathrm{~Hz}), 2.26(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ddd}, J, 6,13$ $20 \mathrm{~Hz}), 2.82(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 3.48(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 4 \mathrm{~Hz}), 3.91(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 17 \mathrm{~Hz})$, $4.14(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 17 \mathrm{~Hz})$, and $6.9-7.4(8 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m})$.

The HCl salt: m.p. $248-250{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{24}+12.9^{\circ} \pm 0.5$ (c $0.952, \mathrm{MeOH}$ ); $m / z 235$ (Found: C, $75.15 ; \mathrm{H}, 6.8 ; \mathrm{Cl}, 13.3 ; \mathrm{N}, 5.2$. $\mathrm{C}_{17} \mathrm{H}_{18} \mathrm{ClN}$ requires $\mathrm{C}, 75.15 ; \mathrm{H}, 6.7 ; \mathrm{Cl}, 13.05 ; \mathrm{N}, 5.15 \%$ ).

Racemic (21) and (23) gave an identical product.
X-Ray Structure Determination of (4a), (19a), and (22).Crystals with dimensions of $0.3 \times 0.3 \times 0.2 \mathrm{~mm}(-)$-tartarate of $(+)-(4 a), 0.4 \times 0.3 \times 0.2 \mathrm{~mm}(19 a)$, and $0.4 \times 0.3 \times 0.3 \mathrm{~mm}$ (22) were used. Integrated intensities were measured in the range of $\theta \leqq 65^{\circ}$ with an $\omega-2 \theta$ scan, a constant scan speed of $0.05^{\circ} \mathrm{s}^{-1}$, and an $\omega$ scan range of $(1.0+0.2 \tan \theta)^{\circ}$. The background was counted for 5 s at each end of the scan and 1723,1203 , and 2323 independent reflections were recorded for the salts of (4a), (19a), and (22), respectively. Lorentz and polarization corrections were applied, but not the absorption correction.

Crystal Data.-The salt of (4a): $\mathrm{C}_{14} \mathrm{H}_{19} \mathrm{NO}_{8} \cdot 2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$, orthorhombic, space group $P 2_{1} 2_{1} 2_{1}, a=8.191(1), b=$ 28.760(3), $c=7.282(1) ~ \AA, Z=4$. (19a): $\mathrm{C}_{16} \mathrm{H}_{15} \mathrm{~N}$, orthorhombic, space group $P 2_{1} 2_{1} 2_{1}, a=11.769(1), b=13.439(1)$, $c=7.670(1) \AA, Z=4$. (22): $\mathrm{C}_{17}{ }_{7} \mathrm{H}_{17} \mathrm{~N}$, monoclinic, space group $P 2_{1}, \quad a=16.125(2), \quad b=7.820(1), \quad c=10.421(1) \quad \AA$, $\beta=105.91(1)^{\circ}, Z=4$.

The structures were solved using the program MULTAN 78. ${ }^{29}$ A difference electron density map was calculated after block-diagonal least-squares refinement, which revealed the positions of all the hydrogen atoms. Successive refinement of the positional parameters of all the atoms and the anisotropic thermal parameters of the non-hydrogen atoms gave the $R$ value $\left(\Sigma|\Delta F| / \Sigma\left|F_{0}\right|\right)$ of 0.043 (1455 observed reflections) for the salt of (4a), 0.041 (1085) for (19a), and 0.042 (2 195) for (22). ${ }^{30}$

Atomic co-ordinates for the crystal structure determinations

Table 4. Atomic co-ordinates ( $\times 10^{4}$, and $\times 10^{3}$ for H ) with their standard deviations in parentheses for salt of (4a)

|  | $x$ | $y$ | $z$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C(1) | 3 326(3) | 3 994(1) | 4720 (3) |
| C(2) | 4 172(3) | $3620(1)$ | $5869(3)$ |
| C(3) | 4 217(4) | $3821(1)$ | $7839(3)$ |
| C(3a) | 4 435(3) | 4337 (1) | $7389(3)$ |
| C(4) | $5036(4)$ | $4682(1)$ | 8 550(4) |
| C(5) | 5 118(3) | $5135(1)$ | $7819(4)$ |
| C(6) | 4 580(4) | $5231(1)$ | 6039(4) |
| C(7) | 3 966(4) | $4881(1)$ | $4938(4)$ |
| C(7a) | 3 941(3) | 4432 (1) | 5 646(3) |
| $\mathrm{O}(8)$ | $3635(3)$ | 3959(1) | $2788(2)$ |
| N (9) | 3 335(3) | 3160 (1) | 5769 (3) |
| $\mathrm{O}(10)$ | 5691 (3) | $5511(1)$ | 8 804(3) |
| C(11) | 6 147(6) | 5449(1) | 10 637(5) |
| C(12) | $3159(3)$ | $2359(1)$ | 11 643(3) |
| C(13) | 3821 (3) | $1911(1)$ | 12441 (3) |
| O(14) | 4 028(2) | $2745(1)$ | 12 363(2) |
| O (15) | 5447(2) | $1831(1)$ | $11954(2)$ |
| C(16) | 3 233(3) | $2351(1)$ | 9 542(3) |
| $\mathrm{O}(17)$ | 2 406(2) | $2044(1)$ | 8726 (2) |
| $\mathrm{O}(18)$ | 4 164(2) | 2642 (1) | $8787(2)$ |
| C (19) | 3760 (3) | $1924(1)$ | 14 542(3) |
| $\mathrm{O}(20)$ | 2410 (2) | $2064(1)$ | 15 248(2) |
| O(21) | 4964 (3) | $1815(1)$ | 15431(3) |
| O(w1) | 820(3) | $3568(1)$ | 1 261(2) |
| $\mathrm{O}(\mathrm{w} 2)$ | $8108(3)$ | 6073(1) | $6872(4)$ |
| H (1) | 202(4) | 395(1) | 484(5) |
| H(2) | 545(4) | 356(1) | 546(6) |
| H(3) | 283(4) | 377(1) | 852(6) |
| $\mathrm{H}^{\prime}(3)$ | 495(4) | 366(1) | 870(6) |
| H(4) | 561(4) | 456(1) | 985(6) |
| H(6) | 440(5) | 558(1) | 561(7) |
| H(7) | 361(6) | 497(1) | 374(6) |
| H(8) | 452(4) | 405(1) | 289(7) |
| H(9) | 344(4) | 302(1) | 446(6) |
| $\mathrm{H}^{\prime}(9)$ | 241(4) | 318(1) | 597(6) |
| $\mathrm{H}^{\prime \prime}(9)$ | 396(4) | 294(1) | 673(6) |
| H(11) | 503(6) | 535(2) | $1120(9)$ |
| $\mathrm{H}^{\prime}(11)$ | 684(7) | 524(2) | $1087(9)$ |
| $\mathrm{H}^{\prime \prime}(11)$ | 645(6) | 575(1) | $1118(8)$ |
| H(12) | 195(4) | 239(1) | $1189(5)$ |
| H(13) | 315(4) | 166(1) | 1216 (6) |
| H(14) | 498(4) | 282(1) | 1 175(6) |
| H(15) | 550(5) | 176(1) | $1038(7)$ |
| H(20) | 255(3) | 206(1) | 1681 (6) |

Table 5. Atomic co-ordinates ( $\times 10^{4}$, and $\times 10^{3}$ for H ) with their standard deviations for (19a)

| C(1) | $3672(2)$ | $1593(1)$ | 8 967(3) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C(2) | 2 664(2) | 2 126(2) | $9029(3)$ |
| C(3) | $1640(2)$ | 1 639(1) | 9 214(2) |
| C(4) | 1 629(2) | 616(2) | 9 290(2) |
| $\mathrm{C}(4 \mathrm{a})$ | $2626(2)$ | 62(1) | 9 218(2) |
| C(5) | $2582(1)$ | -1066(1) | 9 195(2) |
| N(6) | 3 619(2) | -1564(1) | $9705(2)$ |
| C(6a) | 4 623(1) | -1170(1) | 8 844(2) |
| C (7) | $5689(2)$ | -1624(2) | $9688(3)$ |
| C (7a) | $5953(1)$ | -901(1) | 11 145(3) |
| C(8) | 6 617(2) | -1033(2) | 12616 (4) |
| C(9) | $6738(2)$ | -256(2) | $13781(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{C}(10)$ | $6211(2)$ | 659(2) | 13 492(3) |
| C(11) | 5 535(1) | 797(1) | $12012(3)$ |
| C(11a) | 5419(1) | 23(1) | $10836(2)$ |
| C(11b) | $4771(1)$ | -23(1) | 9 116(2) |
| C(11c) | $3666(1)$ | 546(1) | $9100(2)$ |
| H(1) | 446(2) | 188(2) | 887(4) |
| H(2) | 267(2) | 282(2) | 894(4) |
| H(3) | 92(2) | 216(2) | 919(4) |
| H(4) | 81(2) | 23(2) | 928(4) |
| H(5) | 240(2) | -132(2) | 804(4) |
| $\mathrm{H}^{\prime}(5)$ | 193(2) | -128(2) | $1004(4)$ |
| H(6) | 378(2) | - 147(2) | $1084(4)$ |
| H(6a) | 453(2) | -129(2) | 750(4) |
| H(7) | 646(3) | -161(2) | 887(4) |
| $\mathrm{H}^{\prime}(7)$ | 561(2) | -242(2) | $1005(5)$ |
| H(8) | $702(2)$ | -171(2) | 1280 (5) |
| H(9) | 720(2) | -33(2) | 1465 (5) |
| $\mathrm{H}(10)$ | 632(3) | 123(2) | $1438(5)$ |
| H(11) | 503(2) | 150(2) | $1184(3)$ |
| H(11b) | 524(2) | 21(2) | 813(3) |

Table 6. Atomic co-ordinates ( $\times 10^{4}$, and $\times 10^{3}$ for H ) with their standard deviations for (22)

|  | $x$ | $y$ | $z$ |  | $x$ | $y$ | $z$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C(1) | 3870 (1) | 5 108(4) | 5086(2) | H(1) | 377(2) | 524(5) | 602(3) |
| C(2) | $4362(1)$ | $6383(5)$ | 4750 (3) | H(2) | 462(2) | 722(6) | 542(3) |
| C(3) | 4 506(2) | $6371(5)$ | 3 498(3) | H(3) | 488(2) | 722(6) | 324(3) |
| C(4) | 4 170(1) | $5074(6)$ | 2 616(3) | H(4) | 422(2) | 515(6) | 173(3) |
| C(4a) | 3 678(1) | $3735(5)$ | $2944(2)$ | H(5) | 390(2) | 169(6) | 193(4) |
| C(5) | 3 364(2) | $2302(6)$ | $1982(3)$ | $\mathrm{H}^{\prime}(5)$ | 301(2) | 270(6) | 106(4) |
| $\mathrm{N}(6)$ | 2826 (1) | 1053 (0) | 2386 (2) | H(6) | 221(2) | 150(6) | 209(3) |
| C(6a) | $3089(1)$ | 735(5) | 3 829(3) | H(6a) | 367(2) | 48(5) | 410(3) |
| C(7) | 2 570(1) | -728(5) | 4 207(3) | H(7) | 268(2) | -179(6) | 369(4) |
| C(8) | $1605(2)$ | -296(5) | $3777(4)$ | $\mathrm{H}^{\prime}(7)$ | 277(2) | -94(6) | 535(3) |
| $\mathrm{C}(8 \mathrm{a})$ | $1413(1)$ | $1531(5)$ | $4073(2)$ | H(8) | 132(2) | -101(6) | 399(3) |
| C(9) | 549(1) | 1968 (5) | 3 917(2) | $\mathrm{H}^{\prime}(8)$ | 139(2) | -56(6) | 273(4) |
| $\mathrm{C}(10)$ | 308(1) | $3620(5)$ | 4091 (2) | H(9) | 15(2) | 95(5) | 370(3) |
| $\mathrm{C}(11)$ | 931(1) | $4888(5)$ | 4 427(2) | H(10) | -28(2) | 388(5) | 392(3) |
| C (12) | $1789(1)$ | 4 470(4) | 4 580(2) | H(11) | 78(2) | 621(5) | 450(3) |
| C (12a) | $2041(1)$ | $2800(4)$ | 4 410(4) | H(12) | 222(2) | 544(4) | 484(3) |
| C(12b) | $3001(1)$ | $2368(4)$ | 4 600(2) | H (12b) | 328(2) | 206(5) | 559(3) |
| $\mathrm{C}(12 \mathrm{c})$ | 3 518(1) | 3790 (4) | 4 192(2) | $\mathrm{H}\left(1^{\prime}\right)$ | 279(2) | 278(5) | 838(3) |
| $\mathrm{C}\left(1^{\prime}\right)$ | 3 170(1) | 3 708(5) | 8431(2) | $\mathrm{H}\left(2^{\prime}\right)$ | 421(2) | 217(5) | 868(3) |
| C( $2^{\prime}$ ) | 4 038(1) | 3367 (5) | 8 608(2) | $\mathrm{H}\left(3^{\prime}\right)$ | 521(2) | 431(6) | 882(3) |

Table 6. contd.

|  | $x$ | $y$ | $z$ |  | $x$ | $\underline{y}$ | $z$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C(3') | 4 603(1) | 4 701(6) | 8700 (3) | H(4') | 473(3) | 734(5) | 872(4) |
| C(4) | $4312(1)$ | $6353(5)$ | 8 596(2) | H(5') | 346(2) | 898(6) | 938(4) |
| $\mathrm{C}\left(4^{\prime} \mathrm{a}\right)$ | $3438(1)$ | $6721(5)$ | 8413 (2) | $\mathrm{H}^{\prime}\left(5^{\prime}\right)$ | 340(2) | 915(6) | 763(3) |
| $\mathrm{C}\left(5^{\prime}\right)$ | 3160 (2) | 8 583(5) | 8346 (3) | H(6') | 212(2) | 977(6) | 814(4) |
| N(6') | 2226 (2) | 8 760(5) | 7 995(3) | H(6'a) | 124(2) | 798(5) | 852(3) |
| C(6'a) | $1818(2)$ | 7 560(5) | 8 708(3) | H(7') | 218(2) | 867(6) | 1067(4) |
| C(7') | $2187(2)$ | 7 593(5) | 10 240(3) | $\mathrm{H}^{\prime}\left(7^{\prime}\right)$ | 290(2) | 721(6) | $1061(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{C}\left(8^{\prime}\right)$ | $1710(2)$ | 6 378(6) | $10906(3)$ | H(8') | 213(2) | 611(6) | 1 189(4) |
| $\mathrm{C}\left(8^{\prime} \mathrm{a}\right)$ | $1403(1)$ | 4750 (5) | 10 160(2) | $\mathrm{H}^{\prime}\left(8^{\prime}\right)$ | 117(2) | 709(6) | 1 104(3) |
| $\mathrm{C}\left(9^{\prime}\right)$ | 999(1) | 3 518(6) | $10752(2)$ | H(9') | 92(2) | 380(6) | 1 161(3) |
| $\mathrm{C}\left(10^{\prime}\right)$ | 653(1) | $2059(5)$ | $10087(3)$ | $\mathrm{H}\left(10^{\prime}\right)$ | 35(2) | 117(6) | $1053(3)$ |
| C(11') | 688(2) | $1802(5)$ | $8783(3)$ | H(11) | 43(2) | 56(5) | 834(3) |
| C(12') | $1088(1)$ | $3017(5)$ | 8 181(2) | H(12') | 114(2) | 284(5) | 727(3) |
| C(12'a) | 1460 (1) | 4 475(4) | 8863 (2) | H(12'b) | 160(2) | 584(5) | 724(3) |
| C(12'b) | $1904(1)$ | 5770 (5) | 8 191(2) |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{C}\left(12^{\prime} \mathrm{c}\right)$ | $2859(1)$ | 5 379(4) | $8347(2)$ |  |  |  |  |

are given in Tables 4, 5, and 6. Bond lengths and angles of the structure factors for the determinations are given in a Supplementary Publication [SUP No. 23892 (40 pages)].

## Acknowledgements

We thank Dr. K. Shingu for useful discussions and Mr. T. Iwata for the c.d. measurements.

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